The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. E. SAYERS, FIRMNESS IN THE RIGHT AS GOD GIVES US TO SEE THE RIGHT.—*Lincoln.* EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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Terms of Publication.

THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN, Office in Sayers' building, east of the Court House, is published every Wednesday morning, at $2 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2 50 if not paid within the year. **All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.** No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as guaranty against imposition.

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Poetry.

ROMPING WITH A GIRL.

Of all the love vouchsafed to man
In life's tempestuous whirl,
There's naught approaches Heaven so near
As romping with a girl;
A frank, good-natured, honest girl;
A feeling, flirting, flashing, doting,
Smiling, smacking, jolly, joking,
Jaunty, jovial, po ser-peking,
Dear little darling with a red hat and snow-white feather, who snuggles right up against your waistcoat, and lets you assist in holding her muff,
Who laughs at you a mouth of power—
A dear little duck of a girl,

Pile up your wealth as a mountain high,
You sneering, scoffing churl,
I'll laugh as I go dashing by
With my buxom bouncing girl:
The brightest, dearest, sweetest girl;
The trimest, gayest, neatest girl,
The funniest, flushest, frankest, fairest,
Roundest, ripest, roguishest, rarest,
Spunkiest, spiciest, squirmiest, spuniest,
Best of girls with drooping lashes,
Half concealed amorous flashes;
Just the girl for a chap like me
To court, and love, and marry, you see—
With rosy cheeks and clustering curls,
The sweetest and the best of girls.

Original.

For the REPUBLICAN.

ADDRESS TO THE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE, OF CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP, GREENE CO., PA.

Teachers, Ladies and Gentlemen:—In the presentation of some thoughts for your consideration, allow me to say, that others than Teachers of common schools may readily be included within the pale of our remarks, and yet it will not be proper to enter the multifarious avenues of thought, included in the ecclesiastic realms of sacred truth.

But assuming without argument, that the more thorough the education, moral and scientific, in early life, the more likely are its aims to be pure, noble and elevated, and its chances of success vastly more enhanced. As faithful teachers, you, perhaps, require no promptings from outsiders to properly discharge your duties, for having mentally prepared yourselves for this important sphere in life, you enter the list of literary savants with a degree of hopefulness, and yet you may at times feel grateful for encouragement in carrying out your well formed plans of youthful cultivation.

The importance of your vocation, all admit, it is evidenced by those institutions that dot our land in almost every hamlet, Institutions reared for the purpose of germinating scientific thought. The school-house, like a well kept lighthouse, points to the channel of knowledge in the sea of human thought, they are visible from every hill-top, standing as finger posts, or mile stones, telling the route along the dusty highway of science, While Colleges and higher institutions of learning open the gateway to the oriental fields of scientific light.

We are fast becoming a literary people. The late war gave an impetus to newspaper literature, which is now being rapidly fixed and improved upon. Very many persons who never looked upon a map of the country previously, were induced to study its contour and become familiar with its Geography, and thus received new and definite ideas of its magnitude, while a more comprehensive grasp was given to the public mind. And it now becomes the Teache s province, to improve on the enlarged views of mankind, to carry out in detail those practical ideas evolved by the intense thought of the last eight years. Yours, however, is a higher and nobler sphere than the marshalling of hosts on the battle-field for scientific slaughter. Your mission takes hold of the latent powers of a nation's life while slumbering in unconscious strength. Grasping the tree when but a twig, it trims to a model of beauty, making it useful as well as ornamental.

Mind, in its infancy, has been compared to a sheet of blank white paper, ready to receive impressions. But suppose we change the figure slightly, and say that it is as a sheet of photographic paper, albumenized, ready to receive images of beauty. The negative is arranged so as to allow the light, (nature's great photographer) to pass freely through it. So sensitive is the albumen thus chemically prepared, to the faintest ray of light impinging its surface, that the minutest lines of of beauty are traced in all their delicacy by the pencil etchings of rosy fingered light, and images of beauty are retained in minature to cheer the sight. Now applying the figure to mental science we find the mind of youth so sensitive as to be susceptible of the faintest impressions. Our text-books are the negatives, upon which are traced images of condensed thought, and through which the light of science is made to pass. Now the teacher, acting as the center of that solar system, is supposed to eliminate those lines of thought by the effulgence of mind, so thoroughly that images of beauty, of power of endurance, be traced indelibly upon the mind of youth.

But, to my mind, no figure conveys a stronger impression than that of the potter's or modeller's clay. After passing through the proper manipulations it comes to the artist's hand in a very plastic state, a pliable mass of unwrought material, to which the true genius of the modeller at once begins to give a life-like animation outlines the form of beauty, until at length it stands forth, the personification of life itself. Perhaps in the form of Minerva, of Venus, of Terpsichore, or some ideal representation of human greatness; or the embodiment of some living truth whose latent powers find not otherwise, a more faithful exponent. Then with what care should the Teacher guard the portals of science, of impressions inculcated, of principles definitely fixed, of ideas started that are as lasting as the mind. Perhaps a germ is planted whose principles unseen, reaching "far as man is found," will yet come forth to bless or curse mankind. Some intellect, may be under your tuition whose future life by false instruction, may become a desert, a dash and dreary waste, of disappointed hopes, of foiled ambitions, whose cynic nature, after sweeping the earth, may retire within its self; pointing, as did Byron to past instruction as the instrument which clubbed its mind, or made a hunch-back of its intellect for life.

Charles Wesley compares our life to a dream and our time to a stream, gliding swiftly away. In the analysis of human life we find many dreamy existences, many to whom a life of activity is a myth, which they elude entirely. And many on awakening to its realities would fondly wish it were a dream. But no, it is not a spectre to down at their bidding. There it stands, the giant reality that it is, and they must meet it or quail before its frowning glance. And how many go down before the hand of fate, let blighted hopes, withered lives, and wasted fortunes answer.

As a stream, our lives glide swiftly away, some leaping from the mountain's side, in wild majestic grandeur, rush along sparkling and dancing in their rocky beds, retain their individuality, and clearness of perception long after mingling with the common stream of humanity. Others again drag their length in sluggish silence o'er slimy beds, their turbid minds never revealing the pearly treasures hid beneath a murky surface. Some lives pass unmolested the whole length of their terrestial course, others have here and there a pebble, large or small, thrown in their channel changing its course for all time to come. Sometimes a vicious hand will plant thorns in preference to savory shrubs. How often you, as Teachers, realize this last result? Even *parental* authority has been known to intervene, to check a proper course, but human government, especially school government, is too much of a monarchy to admit of foreign intervention, unless in case of absolute misguided tyranny. Happily, however, public opinion often comes to the Teachers' relief, in trying circumstances when unwise parental affection would come between justice and the object of its correction. If the power of instructing the mind of youth, of expanding the intellect, of training morals, of cultivating manners and often of developing its muscle, is delegated to the Teacher, then why interdict that wholesome restraint which curbs the outcropping of the wayward spirit of children, (sometimes seen even in grown up children,) and making it subservient to reason until at such time as it may reason for itself. If the Teacher is competent to instruct, the right to govern should not be challenged. If we delegate the power of instruction we must delegate that of government, else the Teacher is as a King without a kingdom, a Governor without a people to govern. They are at the caprice of every childish whim. Anarchy as a consequence must reign, and our Common School System become an effete organism, powerless for good. But as human nature is the same as when mother Eve partook of the fatal apple, and will continue, you may not hope to escape those eccentricities of life even when in contact with the refinements of the literary world, yet rising with dignity in the scale of human intellect, you may use those God-given powers of mind to mitigate some of the evils to which human nature in its frailty is heir.

How many of us, in passing along the shores of time's great boundary, gather naught but shells? No pearls, no gems, appear in all our vast collection. "We gather shells from youth to age and then we leave them like a child." As a class, where is there another who can so stamp their character or mould indelibly their impress upon the coming generation? Who so control the world of letters as the Teacher? Who so readily start the ripling stream of patient investigation that may comprehend with giant mind a universe of thought, and with the scalpel of untiring energy, shall lay bare the deep foundations of nature's hidden mysteries?

'Tis yours to start those trains of thought,
Which grapple with all hidden truths
And thus reveal those gems unbought,
A legacy to future youths.
You may not see the work that's done,
Nor get the meaded praise,
Yet yours the crown the victor won,
And yours the welcome lays.

G. W. DAUGHERTY.

Carmichaels, Feb. 8, 1868.

LEAP YEAR DIALOGUE.—"Miss, will you take my arm?"

"Yes, sir, and you too."

"Can't spare but the arm," replied the old bachelor.

"Then," replied she, "I shan't take it, as my motto is, *go the whole hog or nothing.*"

Select Reading.

ANGLING FOR DOG.

Another time we were traveling on grounds we had no right to tramp over. The only excuse was like that of military necessity—it was better fishing through the farms where the trout had been preserved than in the open lots where all could fish.

It was early in the morning. We had risen at 3, ridden ten miles, and struck the creek as the trout were ready for breakfast. Looking carefully for a sheltered place to hitch our horses, we slyly crept on behind fences etc., till we reached the part of the stream not generally fished. A farm house stood a quarter of a mile away. We saw the morning smoke curling lightly from a stovepipe; saw a man and two boys come out to do chores; saw women busy about the door, and a ferocious bull dog wandering about the yard.

If ever we fished close, it was then not a whisper to disturb the birds or the owners of the land. We crawled through the grass and dodged behind clumps of alders, lifting large speckled beauties out of the water till our baskets were full.

This was the time to have gone; but the trout were so large and bit so readily that we could not withstand the temptation, so we decided to string and hide what we had, and take another basket full. So at it we went. No sooner would the hook touch the water than we had a trout. We forgot the house, the man, the boys and the dog!

Suddenly there was a rushing through an oat field as if a mad bull were coming! We looked toward the house, and saw the farmer and his two boys on a fence the women in the door, and the bull dog bounding towards us. We saw it all—we had been discovered. The well-trained dog had been sent to hunt us out, and as the matter appeared it was safe to bet he was doing that thing right lively!

To out run the dog was not to be thought of. There was no time to loose. He cleared a fence and came for us just as we reached a tree, and, by great activity, took a front seat on a limb above his reach.

Here was a precious go! A vicious bull dog under the tree, and a farmer and two big boys ready to move down upon our works. It was fight, foot-race or fangs!

The farmer yelled to his dog—"Watch him, Tige!"

Tige proposed to do that little thing and keeping his eyes on us, seated himself under the tree,

Then spoke the ugly farmer man—"Just hold on thar stranger, till we get breakfast; then we'll come and see you! If you are in a hurry, however you can go now! Watch him Tige!"

We surmised trouble; quite much; for twice had that bold man of bull dogs and agriculture, elegantly wholloped innocent troutists for being seen on his suburban premises. His reputation as a peace man was not good, and there arose a large heart toward our throat.

Time is the essence of contracts, and the saving ordinance for those in trouble. We had a stout line in our pocket, and a large hook intended for rock bass if we fail to take trout. And, as good luck would have it, we got a nice sandwich and a piece of boiled corned beef in our other pocket.

We called the dog pet names, but he wasn't on it! Then we tried to move down—when he moved up! At last we trebled our bass line, fastened the great limrick to it, bated it with the corned beef, tied the end of the line to a limb and angled for dog.

Tige was in appetite. He smelt of the beef; it was very nice. He swallowed it, and set his eyes on us for more, but with no friendly look beaming from his countenance. Not any!

Then we pulled gently on the line—it was fast! Tige yanked and pulled but 'twas no use! The attention of canine was diverted from us—his business was being done by another line!

We quickly slid down the tree—coming near blistering our back doing it—seized our poll, and straightway went thence somewhat lively.

We found our string of fish, and reach the buggy and a commanding spot in the road in time to see the sturdy yeoman move forth.

We saw him and his cohorts, male and female, move slowly, as if in no haste. We saw them look up the tree. We saw an anxious group engaged about the dog. We came quickly home and kindly left the bass line and hook to the farmer.

A GORGEOUS wedding took place in St. Louis on Wednesday. The happy bride wore a $5,000 set of ear-rings and a $750 lace veil. She is worth some $400,000 in her own right, and the groom is about as well supplied with filthy lucre. His present to his bride was worth $10,000. His name is James P. Thomas. He is a barber by profession, and a negro. The wife is a mulatto.

THE Memphis *Post* asks the question in a manner of hopeless despair. "How many murderers are now aspiring to office in the Conservative party in this State?"

HORRIBLE MURDER!

Casey, the Irish Witness against Shugert, the Democratic Senator, Brutally Murdered—Democratic Love for the Irish Illustrated.

The *Raftman's Journal* gives the following account of the murder of a man named Casey. Two men were arrested on the 3rd inst., charged with the murder. Casey was a witness against Shugert, the Democratic Senator from the Clearfield district.

Casey was one of the number of Irish railroad laborers who fraudently voted at Philipsburg, Centre county, on the 2nd Tuesday of October, 1867. On Wednesday morning January 23, 1868, Casey and three others were taken to Harrisburg, by proper officers sent hither, to testify in the contested election case (Robison vs. Shugart) now in progress before a Committee of the State Senate. On the evening of ous assault upon him, (Tuesday, January 28th,) Casey was returning to his home here, when he was set upon by a number of unknown persons, about one mile east this place, and struck on the left side of the head with some heavy bludgeon, and left helpless and unconcious, on the highway, to perish from the wounds inflicted upon him. In this unconscious condition Casey was found with his face buried in the snow, by a farmer who took up the injured man, placed him in a sled, and brought him to a hotel in this borough. A physician was at once summoned, who dressed his wounds, and used every effort to restore him to consciousness and save his life; but it was all of no avail, and he died on Saturday morning, February 1st—never having recovered his reason long enough to designate who were his murderers.

Notwithstanding the facts relating to the assault upon Casey, and the great probability of his dying from the injuries received, were known to the officers of the law, yet no steps were taken too ferret out and secure the perpetrators of this horrible crime until after the death of the victim. Now why this winking and conniving at crime? Why this delay to discover and secure the assassins of Casey? Was it because the perpetrators of the deed were so-called Democrats, and for the purpose of allowing them to escape, because their vengeance fell upon one who had just testified to the election frauds committed in the interests of that party? This seems to be the only plausible hypothesis, as there is no reason why officers of the law should otherwise exhibit so great inattention to duty in so plain and flagrant a case. True, Casey died from the wounds inflicted upon him by a number of highway assasins and that the guilt of his death is immediately charged to them for dealing the fatal blows, yet, had these guilty ones succeeded in making their escape on account of inaction, would the officers have been entirely blameless in the eyes of the law? Let them answer this question satisfactorily to themselves if they can!

But again! How far does culpability attach to the leaders of the Democratic party who concocted and instigated the causes that ultimately led to the murder of Casey! Where do the persons stand who planned and advised those frauds upon the ballot-box in Philipsburg? How far are those answerable who forged and furnished the fraudulent naturalization papers to bring about the election of Mr. Shugart in the Centre county Senatorial District? Are all of these free from the responsibility of the death of this too confiding and illiterate man? These are highly important and serious questions. Let those who were in any way instrumental in bringing about the frauds at Philipsburg answer them, if they can, to the satisfaction of their own consciences.

That Casey was murdered, there is no denying—for he is dead! That somebody is amenable for the crime, is just as true! We do not pretend to say who is guilty or not guilty, for the reason that we do not know; but that the responsibility of the crime rests with members of the so-called Democratic party, there is no doubt! Will any one dare to deny this assertion? But we will leave a discriminating, impartial and law-abiding public to judge for themselves as to who is responsible, or not responsible for the sudden and tragic death of Casey—a stranger in a strange land and the victim of a political conspiracy, because he dared to tell the truth when compelled to do so by the laws of his adopted country.

—The Legislature has authorized the State Treasurer to pay two thousand dollars for the arrest of the murderers and Gov. Geary has issued his proclamation accordingly. That this most infamous fraud and murder should be sifted to the bottom, no lover of law and order can oppose. How many crimes are perpetrated in thy name, oh, Democracy.

THE Chinese on the Central Pacific railroad work for about one dollar a day and find themselves. They import rice and dry fish from China, live better than at home and save half of their wages—but upon the whole they are slow workers, but reli[illegible] and steady.

SHORT METRE.

A grave, momentous issue now divides the American People:

On the one side, it is insisted that all those who participated in the late rebellion, shall be immediately, unconditionally, restored to every political franchise, while the four millions of colored people inhabiting the various States shall have no voice whatever in framing, modifying or administering the laws under which they are to live.

This is the position of the so-called (after the similitude of Bottom's dream) Democratic party.

The Democratic party insists on this policy, *because it knows that the Rebels will all vote with that party*, as they do in Maryland, Kentucky, etc.,) *while the blacks would nearly all vote against it.*

The Republicans, on the other hand, very generally desire that the Blacks shall vote forthwith, while they require the more conspicuous Rebels to stand back a while. But no one demands or imagines that this disfranchisement shall be more than temporary. Gov. Bullock's, Gov. Fairchild's and Gov. Chamberlain's messages, Gen. Butler's late speech at Richmond, and every other recent commanding declaration of Republican sentiment, prove that the party is rapidly gravitating toward the comprehensive, generous platform of Universal Amnesty, with Impartial Suffrage.

The Democratic party expects by suppressing the voice of the blacks in the Southern States, to secure a decided majority in each and every one of them, and thus elect the next President and House of Representatives. For while its adherents are not a majority of the *whole* people of those States, they *are*, a majority of the whites; so, if none but whites vote, they can sweep every State southward of the Potomac and the Ohio.

Andrew Johnson, Booth-made President, is their leader in this effort to suppress the voice of a majority of the loyal people of the South, and thus give the control of those States to that portion of their inhabitants who profoundly regret that the rebellion did not succeed.

Johnson's power not being likely to suffice, they now seek and expect the aid of a majority of the Justices of the Supreme Court; whereby they hope to nullify the power of Congress over the subject of Reconstruction, and re-establish the rebel predominance in the South, and thus their own in the Union.

The Republicans do not mean to be put down either by Andrew Johnson, or the five Judges who are expected to supplement an finish his work.

If they are beaten, and the blacks crushed into nonentity, the ex-rebels and their northern allies take possession of the Federal Government, and reverse the results of Gettysburg, Vicksburg, Five Forks, and Appomattox; making ours such a "White Man's Government" as the southern aristocracy sought to establish through secession and confederation.

This can only be done by the Supreme Court constituting itself sovereign arbiter in questions purely political; contrary to its own decision in the Rhode Island case and (positively) in that of West Virginia.

Understand, then, that it is false that the Republicans are keeping the southern States out of the Union. They are doing their best to get those States back *into* their proper position in the Union—but not rebel side up "That's what's the matter."

It is false that the Republicans are seeking to prolong military rule at the south. On the contrary, they are trying to hasten the supercession of that rule by governments elected by the loyal people of the respective States. We favor government by the whole people; our adversaries would perpetuate the rule of a caste.

We seek to educate and elevate *all* the people of the South. *They* would keep the blacks in ignorance, and make that ignorance a pretext for their disfranchisement. Judge them by what they are doing in Maryland, Kentucky and Delaware, where they have full swing.

Republicans! Be not deceived by false charges against Congress; even though they emanate from those you have hitherto trusted. Congress is doing justly, nobly what *must* be done if the government is not to be tamely surrendered to a minority rule of Copperheads and rebels. Stand fast by your faithful and fearless representatives in the councils of the nation!—*N. Y. Tribune.*

HON. JOHN MORRISSEY was absent during the drawing for seats recently. The following notice was tacked on his desk: "Any person taking this seat must be prepared to put on the gloves." The seat, however, was drawn by General A. C. Harding, the member from Illinois, who, being very near-sighted, did not see the belligerent notice till after he had captured the seat. No set-to has yet taken place, in consequence of the non-arrival of the member from New York.

ROMANTIC.—We knew a rich man in the West, who called his mansion "Glenmary," out of respect to his wife Mary, who had died. One of his neighbors, not to be outdone in connubial affection, built a new cabin and [illegible] "Glenbetsy."

THE BOYS IN BLUE.

Soldiers' and Sailors' National Convention.

At an adjourned conference of Union Soldiers and Sailors, held, in pursuance to published call, at Washington, D. C., on Wednesday, January 8, 1868, it was unanimously resolved to hold a National Convention of Union Soldiers and Sailors, at Chicago, Illinois, on Tuesday, May 19th, 1868, for the consideration of national questions, with the paramount object of uniting and consolidating the loyal element of the country for the approaching contest with its enemies, and if deemed advisable to nominate or recommend candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States.

Each State shall be entitled to twenty delegates at large, and twenty delegates for each Congressional district. Territories and the District of Columbia will be entitled to twenty delegates each.

The disordered state of public affairs; the restoration of rebels to power; the designing efforts to repudiate our national obligations; the failure throughout the country to recognize th just claims of the veterans of the war; these coupled with the desire to perpetuate the fundamental principles of our Government, are deemed sufficient reasons that the men who crushed rebellion should counsel such measures as shall tend to preserve and protect the civil and political rights of all the people.

We, therefore, invite our late comrades in arms to organize in their night and to express through their representatives their condemnation of the efforts to make treason, defeated in the field, triumphant at the ballot-box.

Let us stand shoulder to shoulder to protect the nation's honor and maintain the cardinal principles of our Government—Liberty, Justice and Equality.

By order of the Conference.

Brig. Gen. T. T. CRITTENDEN, Chairman.
WILL A SHORT, Secretary.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16, 1868.

THE ADMISSION OF ALABAMA.

The people of Alabama rebelled, they raised large armies—they made war—they contended for years for the privilege of destroying the the Union—they were defeated. They were rebels then, for assailing the national authority. What are they now? If we keep Alabama out of the Union, we will only irritate a long festering wound, and adjourn reconstruction. We make necessary standing armies and armed occupation. This is imposed upon us in defiance of national authority, and in spite of the protests of the loyal men. In the large and civil sense of the word these men are not "people," and they have no right to be so considered. They are no more "people" than the inmates of Sing Sing, or the convicts on Blackwell's Island, or a body of foreigners passing through our States. They are men who have committed a crime, and who are released from its consequences only by promising obedience to the laws and an acquiescence in all the duties of citizenship. But to say that they have the right to block the wheels of Government, and delay reconstruction and impose more burdens upon us, to gratify their malignity, is as mad as it would for the ticket-of-leave men in England to enter Parliament and claim to make laws for the nation.

But the fault is ours, we are told! Why did we give them the power to block the wheels of Government? We grant that. We made a mistake. We were generous to those people for their own sakes. They reply by an effort to inflict anarchy upon Alabama. Such mistakes are frequently made, but in this case we accept the rebuke and shall see that it does not occur again. We can very well postpone our generosity until those people show a disposition to accept it. We have no notion of crowding our courtesies where they are despised. We hoped to have them in the Union, and in a few years to see every American, Rebel or not, in the full exercise of citizenship. We can afford to wait if they can. We have opened the door. They stand in the way and keep out those who wish to enter. *Our first duty is to admit the loyal people.* That done we can rest easy. When the Rebels finally desire to come in they may knock at the door, and wait until we are ready to open it.—*Tribune.*

Brevity.

Dr. Abernethy, the celebrated physician, was never more displeased than by hearing a patient detail a long account of his troubles. A woman, knowing Abernethy's love of the laconic, having burned her hand, called at his house. Showing him her hand, she said, "A burn." "A poultice," quickly answered the learned doctor. The next day she returned and said, "Better." "Continue the poultice," replied Dr. A.. In a week she made her last call, and her speech was lengthened to three words, "Well—your fee?" "Nothing," said the physician; "you are the most sensible woman I ever saw."—*The Jest Book.*

JAVA must be a pleasant place for a residence. From 120 to 150 persons are killed there by tigers every year, 50 by crocodiles, and nearly as many by serpents.

Read The Paper.

The following, with one word changed, is attributed to Gen. Jackson, and is as applicable now as when it was uttered: "The Republican who reads his county paper regularly, is bullet proof against the falsehoods of the enemy. The weekly arrival of his paper is like the visit of a committee man to warn him of what is going on, and to prepare him for election day. It posts not only himself in what's new and important, but it enables him to post others also, who look to him for counsel and instruction.

THEY have queer ways of settling bills, and sometimes settling creditors, too in some parts of the South. A Dr. Skinner presented his bill to Mr. Quick residing in Galveston, Texas. The Dr. had attended Quick during a recent attack of yellow fever and brought him safely through, and for these services the bill was rendered. Quick objected, and that too with a huge knife. Skinner barely escaped whole to the nearest police office where he succeeded in having the pugilistic and war-like Quick arrested and put under bonds to keep the Peace.

LIEUT. GEN. SHERMAN, in common with nearly all the other Generals of the army, is evidently dissatisfied with the assault of the President upon General Grant. He has, however, allowed his sensitiveness to carry him to extremes in threatening to resign if he can in no other way avoid taking command of the new district carved out for him. It may be his resignation, under the circumstances, would suit the President better than his acceptance.

A. T. STEWART, the merchant prince of New York, has entered with much spirit into the campaign for Grant. He has already done much good work for the soldier hero. When such men, so largely interested in the finances of the country, lend their time and exertions to the advancement of Grant's claims on the Presidency, weaker capitalists need not hesitate. Mr. Stewart has made a collection of all the journals, and their name is legion, that have expressed a preference for his favorite.

WHILE Mr. Larmer and his sister were riding in a sleigh last month something became loose about the harness, Mr. L. leaned over to adjust the same, when his pistol fell from his pocket and was discharged, the load passing through his breast killing him instantly. Miss Larmer was obliged to drive the sleigh containing her brother's corpse several miles to Lineville, (Mo.) where they lived.

AMATEUR dramatic associations which have been so popular in Wisconsin and Michigan this winter, have have had an equal share of popular favor in Missouri. We heard of several villages among which are Farmington and Sedalia, where these social troupes are making fun and laughter the order of the day.

How loving is the *World* toward Vallandigham, thus: "We never admired him, we have merely spared him, because being neither admirable nor supportable, he was nevertheless as we ourselves had been, a victim to the arbitrary and lawless proceedings of a Republican administration."

A FEW days ago William Wright Parker was convicted of the murder of William Childress, in Wilmington, North Carolina. The murder was accomplished as long ago as 1863, and the murderer will be hanged sometime during the present month.

A SEDALIA (Mo.) paper says that one hundred carpenters and builders fifty bricklayers, twenty-five stone masons, three brick yards and a steam planing mill are very much needed in this village, and could find active and continued employment.

ROBERT JOHNSON son and private Secretary of the President, has been placed in the lunatic asylum of the District of Columbia, to cure him, if possible, of periodical drunkenness, which in his case, amounts to insanity. And so it seems the son takes after the father.

IT is proposed by the capitalists of Rochester, N. Y., to build a railroad from that city to the coal and lumber districts of Pennsylvania, making connection with the Erie Railway, thence south to the coal fields.

AN eccentric Parisian left a provision in his will that a copy of one of the daily papers should be left on his tomb every day, and the whim has been faithfully observed.

THE Roman Catholics are erecting a new convent in Brownsville, Texas, near the old one. The new building is to be much more spacious and convenient. The old one is to be used as an infirmary and hospital.

A PATENT shoe-pegger is being manufactured in Northampton, Massachusetts, which makes the hole, cuts off the peg and drives it home. A workman can easily peg a shoe or a boot in a minute.

The Waynesburg Republican.

WAYNESBURG, PENNA.

Wednesday, Feb. 26, '68.

A CALL.

The following gentlemen, members of the County Committee, are requested to meet in the Court House in this place, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on **Saturday, February 29, 1868,** for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention, at Philadelphia, on the 11th prox.:

Marion	J. H. Wells, (Chairman) A. L. Myers,
Carmichaels Bor.	J. R. Mitchiner, T. B. Lincoln,
Jackson	Samuel Bayard, John Smith,
Richhill	J. W. Walton, Robert Hastor,
Morris	Jacob Swart, Hamilton Payne,
Center	Jas. Call, Dr. T. Rogers,
Franklin	Thomas Hill, Jacob Rinehart,
Washington	Harrison Pettit,
Morgan	Wm. Hedge, Earnet Rinehart,
Jefferson	Harvey Penny, H. Brake,
Cumberland	Jos. Long, Franklin Gevan,
Whitely	Bowen Stephens, H. Hudson,
Greene	P. A. Myers, Abner Forsyce,
Aleppo	A. J. Hinerman, George Plants,
Dunkard	Geo. Miller, Bowen Ross,
Perry	James Headley, L. A. Kline,
Wayne	H. Brock, William Kent,
Illinois	S. Hennen, W. Clovis,
Springhill	Dan'l. White, Jacob Rice.

By order of J. H. WELLS, Chairman.

"VOX POPULI, VOX DEI!"

The first note of war thrilled the Republic but little more than the news flashed by telegraph on Friday last that Andrew Johnson had usurped the laws of the land. In direct contempt of the Congress of the United States, he has again ordered Secretary Stanton from the War Office, violating the Constitution and the express law relating to the Civil Tenure of Office. From the length and breadth of our country the voice of the people is for Impeachment! On Monday evening last our representatives in the House of Congress so decided by a vote of 126 yeas to 47 nays! Not to have impeached him would have been criminal. His flagrant abuse of the law does away with the plea of expediency. Last Friday's work will cost Andrew Johnson his official head! It is the "vox populi, vox Dei!" "the voice of the People, the voice of God!" Notwithstanding the threats and forebodings of our opponents we assure Congress that the majority that sent them there will uphold them in their lawful acts. The reply of Mr. Farnsworth, of Illinois, to Brooks, of New York, in the House on Monday last, fully expresses the sentiment of the country. He said, "when the Democrats and secessionists told us if we raised an army to conquer the rebellion, they would not stand it, we told them they should stand it, and he would say to the gentleman, when the same party is arrayed against the Union, that only half a million men were slain in the war, but a million of those who took part in the contest still live, and when necessity demands, they will come as the waves come when the tempest prevails, or as thick as autumn leaves, to maintain the supremacy of the law!"

WHAT OUR FRIENDS SHOULD DO.

The editor of a local organ of a party, sensibly remarks the Washington *Reporter*, seems to be the last person thought of in the disbursements of funds for positive labor done for the party and the county Committees. The editors of both parties throughout the country experience this humiliating truth every year, and the noble action of the Clarion county Republicans presents a pleasing contrast to this former action of Committees and members of the party. The address issued by the Republican Committee of Clarion county eloquently urges *"that a united effort should be made to encourage the editor by all means in our power; and to that end we most earnestly urge upon every Republican in Clarion county, and all others who wish to aid him in his arduous duties, not only themselves to subscribe and pay for the paper in advance, but to use every means in their power to obtain the names of others, thus rendering him financially strong and independent in his position, and capable of bringing all his energy and ability to bear in the conduct of his paper."*

Let our friends carefully consider these truths. By the hearty support of the county organ of the party and the circulation of the paper, Republican victories will undoubtedly result. The The labors of the editor are severe. His interests are the interests of the party. He should be sustained pecuniarily. His labors never cease; his duty is never ended; he sleeps on his weapons; he works late and early; and works with more effect when paid for his labors. Thus our friends cannot but admit that the course of the Clarion Republicans, in generously encouraging the controller of their local affairs, is eminently worthy of imitation in this county, where the wealth and enterprise of our people is ahead of one-half our sister counties.

—Certainly no very good reason can be assigned for circulating foreign papers in preference to those of a local character. A man to be well posted cannot do without one or more city papers, but for electioneering purposes the weekly load thrown off by the city press of long moral treatise, mental science and didactics, printed in close fine type, cannot compete with the home journal printed neatly and composed judiciously. Most voters are readers already take city papers. Men who do not take any paper will be most interested by that which contains something to interest them, something concerning their homes, their farms, their neighbors, themselves. To say nothing of giving the go-by to those who labor for home interests, the advantage claimed by the local journalist is papable. What is the conclusion? Labor to extend the circulation of home papers and let those who have need support the city press.

TRUE ENOUGH.

The editor of the Beaver *Argus* pointedly remarks, we receive at this office quite a number of Democratic newspapers published in this State, in exchange for the *Argus*. Our exchange list also embraces several Andy Johnson organs. Ordinarily these newspapers exhibit a good deal of enterprise. They work up "negro outrages" at a fearful rate. "Radical rascality" is scented at a very long distance. No one of our military commanders has been able for the past year to crook his finger at an ex-rebel, but what the copperhead and Johnson papers have duly announced the fact, and forthwith heaped upon him such epithets as "satrap," "tyrant," "tool of the rump," &c., &c. But their enterprise seems to have run in a Southern direction entirely. For instance, not one of them has heard of the Robinson-Shugart election case in the Blair district in this State! Not one of them has yet ascertained that stupendous election frauds were committed last fall in Luzerne, Centre, Blair, and other counties of Pennsylvania! Not one of them seems to have heard anything of "Father Tracey's" acting as financial agent in these frauds! Not one of them has any information yet touching the stealing of the Prothonotary's docket in Luzerne county some two weeks ago, in order that these frauds might be covered up! Nor has the murder of Casey, the action of the Legislature, or the reward of the Governor reached a single one of them!

—We respectfully refer our "handsome" neighbor to the article on our outside headed a "Horrible Murder." It is no "negro outrage" perpetrated in Killacoolikhan, or some other foreign country, but a most brutal murder committed by "white men" in Pennsylvania. It will furnish him numerous sensation headlines, no doubt.

TAYLANDIGHAM HITS BACK.

The New York *World* recently castigated the Ohio "martyr" unmercifully, and advised the Democratic party to throw him overboard. "Val" does not mean to be suppressed, and retorts upon the *World* in a savage article, of which we can only give a pungent extract:

"The *World* was originally created in something over six days, as a religious newspaper, and still retains faint traces of its origin. Its old red sandstone was puritan piety; its second formation was shoddy and army contracts, especially straw hats and summer clothing for the soldiers in midwinter; its tertiary after this wise: As a religious journal it failed; its contracts Congress exploded; as an intensely "loyal" organ, it could not compete with the *Tribune*, the *Times*, the *Herald*, and half a score of others, yet something must be done, and Marble demanded of Mayor Opdyke material aid and money to carry it on, saying, as Mr. Opdyke testified under oath, that he preferred to remain a Republican, as he was in principle, but that if the party did not furnish the means he would sell out to the Democrats. And he did—office, type, presses, fixtures and himself—good will he had none to sell. Since that time (1862-63) he 'has hung upon the verge' of the Democratic party, ignoring its principles, undermining its organization, and assailing its public men, according to the orders of its purchasers and owners."

NEW HAMPSHIRE has always been a close State—the Republican majority last year being only 3,146, out of a total vote of 68,608—and the Democrats are making mighty efforts to carry it. Richard Vaux and Henry Clay Dean are to do the carrying, and we hope they will have a good time. For the Republicans, Generals Sickles and Cochrane are the principal speakers, and they are enthusiastically received. We do not expect to lose New Hampshire.

THE Philadelphia *Morning Post* of the 20th says, that England and Germany should ever have the effrontery to send the convicted but unpunished criminals to this country, for the sake of getting rid of them, is an impertinence which Congress never attempted to rebuke till now. The bill, Mr. Wilson reported from the House Judiciary Committee yesterday provides for the return of such criminals to the country whence they were sent, and its passage will correct a growing evil. Americans are not yet ready to have the United States made a Botany Bay for the convenience of foreign monarchies.

The Democratic National Convention will be held July 4th, in New York City.

POLITICAL

Indiana State Republican Convention—Grant and Colfax for President and Vice President—Platform of Principles.

INDIAPOLIS, February 20.—The Republican State Convention met at ten o'clock this morning, with Gen. Thomas. Brown as temporary Chairman. Resolutions endorsing General Grant and Colfax Indiana's first choice for President and Vice President, were unanimously adopted by a rising vote and immense cheering.

The following platform was unanimously adopted: The Union Republican party of Indiana, assembled in Convention at Indianapolis on the 20th day of Febuary, 1868, to consult in reference to the present condition of the country, make the following declaration of principles:

First—The Congressional plan of reconstruction was made necessary by the rejection of the Constitunal amendments and the continued rebellious spirit of the Southern people, and if they will not upon the conditions prescribed by Congress become the friends of the Union, it is the duty of Congress to do whatever the emergency requires to prevent them from doing harm as enemies.

Second—The extension of suffrage to the negroes of the South is the direct result of the rebellion, and the continued rebellious spirit maintained therein, and was necessary to secure the reconstruction of the loyal men therein from a state worse than slavery, and the question of suffrage in all the loyal States belongs to the people of those States under the Constitution of the United States.

Third—The government of the United States should be administered with the strictest economy consistent with the public safety and interest. Revenue should be so laid as to give the greatest possible exemption to articles of primary necessity and fall most heavily upon luxuries and the wealth of the country, and all property should bear a just proportion of the burden of taxation.

Fourth—The public debt made necessary by the rebellion should be honestly paid, and all the bonds issued therefor should be paid in Legal Tenders, commonly called greenbacks, except where by their express terms they provide otherwise, and paid in such quantities as will make the circulation commensurate with the commercial wants of the country, and so as to avoid the great inflation of the currency and an increase in the price of gold.

Fifth—The large and rapid contraction of the currency, sanctioned by the votes of the Democratic party in both Houses of Congress, has had a most injurious effect upon the industry and business of the country, and it is the duty of Congress to provide by law for supplying the deficiency of legal tender notes, commonly called greenbacks, to the full extent required by the business wants of the country.

Sixth—We are opposed to the payment of any part of the rebel debt, or to any payment whatever for emancipated slaves.

Seventh—Of all who were faithful in the trials of the late war, there are none entitled to more especial honor than the brave soldiers and seamen, who endured the hardships of campaign and cruise, and imperilled their lives in the service of the country. The bounties and pensions provided by law for these brave defenders of the nation are obligations never to be forgotten. The widows and orphans of the gallant dead are the wards of the nation, a sacred legacy bequeathed to the nation's protecting care.

Eighth—The public lands are the property of the people; monopolies of them, either by individuals or corporations, should be prohibited; they should be reserved for actual settlers; and as a substantial recognition of the services in behalf of the Union of officers and soldiers in the late civil war, they should each be allowed one hundred and sixty acres thereof.

Ninth—The doctrine of Great Britain, and other European powers, that because a man is once a citizen he is always so, must be resisted at every hazard by the United States as a relic of the feudal times, not authorized by the law of nations, and at war with our national honor and independence. Naturalized citizens are entitled to be protected in all their rights of citizenship as though they were native born, and no citizen of the United States, native or naturalized, must be liable to arrest and imprisonment by any foreign power for acts done or words spoken in this country, and if so arrested and imprisoned, it is the duty of the government to interfere in his behalf.

Tenth—We cordially approve of the course of the Republican members in their active support of the bill prohibiting a further contraction of the currency, in which they faithfully represented the will of the people of Indiana, and this Convention express their unwavering confidence in the wisdom and patriotism of Oliver P. Morton. His devotion to the vital interest of the nation during the past six years has endeared him to every lover of union and liberty, and we send greeting to him in the American Senate and assurance to him of our unqualified endorsement of his course.

Eleventh—Gen. U. S. Grant and Hon. Schuyler Colfax are the choice of Indiana for President and Vice President of the United States, and this Convention hereby instruct, the delegates to the National Convention to cast the vote of Indiana for these gentlemen.

AFTER weeks of discussion, the Senate has at last decided against the admission of Senator-elect Thomas of Maryland. The vote was 21 for his admission, and 28 against. A new election was ordered.

FROM WASHINGTON!

War Secretary Question—President Deposes Stanton—Gen. L. Thomas Appointed in His Stead—Mr. Stanton Requested to Retain the Office—He Consents and Remains—Senate Executive Session—Action Taken in the Matter—Removal of Mr. Stanton Unlawful—The Impeachment Question Revived—Gen. McClellan Nominated as Minister to England—Gen. G. H. Thomas as Brevet General.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21st, 1868—The President to-day sent an Executive Message to the Senate, stating that on the twelvth of August, last, under authority vested in him by the Constitution of the United States, he suspended Edwin M. Stanton as Secretary of War, and now by the same authority, he had removed Mr. Stanton, and appointed in his place, *ad interim*, Adjutant General Lorenzo Thomas. The President encloses the communications to Messrs. Stanton and Thomas.

The Speaker laid before the House to-day the following correspondence:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 21, 1868.

SIR—General Thomas has just delivered to me a copy of the enclosed order which you will please communicate to the House of Representatives.

Your obedient servant,
EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

To Hon. Schuyler Colfax, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

EXECUTIVE MANSION
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21, 1868.

SIR—By virtue of the power and authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and laws of the United States, you are hereby removed from office as Secretary of War, and your functions as such will terminate upon the receipt of this communication. You will transfer to Brevet Maj. General L. Thomas, Adjutant General of the Army, who has this day been authorized to act as Secretary of War *ad interim*, all records, books papers and other public property now in your custody and charge.

Respectfully yours,
ANDREW JOHNSON, President

To Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Washington D. C.

A special to the *Post* says: Soon after the Senate went into Executive Session, a Committee consisting of Senators Cameron, Chandler, Cattell and Thayer proceeded to the War Office and informed Mr. Stanton that pending any action it was the desire of the Senate that he should retain his office and disregard any orders from the President to the contrary. The Committee also waited upon General Grant and had an interview with him. They express themselves entirely satisfied with Grants position regarding this matter.

Another regular dispatch states: Senators Thayer, Cameron, Chandler and Cattell this afternoon had an interview with Secretary Stanton, and expressed to him a desire that he would not surrender his post in obedience to the order of the President until the Senate should act upon the matter, and Mr. Stanton indicated compliance with their wish. It is not true, therefore, as reported this evening, that Mr. Stanton made no objection to Adjutent General Thomas entering upon his duties as Secretary of War. It is true, however, that Gen. Thomas showed to Mr. Stanton his order of appointment from the President, and to this the General received a respectful but not satisfactory reply.

The Senators above named, after leaving Stanton, had an interview with General Grant, relating to him their conversation with Mr. Stanton, and suggesting views as to what his conduct should be in the premises.

About an hour after the Senators parted from Mr. Stanton the latter sent to the House a copy of the letter addressed to him by the President, which was read and referred to the Committee on Reconstruction. The Committee will have a meeting tomorrow to consider this as well as the subject of Impeachment proposed by Representative Covode.

The Senate a few minutes after two o'clock went into executive session, and continued therein seven hours. The matter of removal was fully discussed, and with much spirit in secret session. Mr. Edmunds offered a resolution for which Mr. Wilson offered a substitute as follows:

WHEREAS, The Senate have received and considered the communication of the President stating that he had removed Edwin M. Stanton as Secretary of War, and has designated the Adjutant General of the Army to act as Secretary of War *ad interim*, therefore

Resolved, by the Senate of the United States that under the Constitution and laws of the United States, the President has no power to remove the Secretary of War and designate any other officer to perform the duties of that office.

This substitute was agreed to without a division. The injunction of secrecy was removed from it and copies of the resolutions ordered to be communicated to the President. Secretary of War and Adjt. Gen. Thomas.

Many persons were attracted to the vicinity of the Senate to-night, but were prevented from entering the galleries. The subject of the removal of Mr. Stanton, and other matters connected with it, afford a prominent feature of comment everywhere to-night

Secretary Stanton still retains possession of the War Department. He was there at a late hour to-night

The President sent to the Senate today the following nomination: George B. McClellan, of Ohio, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to England, and James R. Hubbell, of Ohio, Minister Resident to the Republic of Ecuador. Maj. Gen. Geo. H. Thomas to be Lt. Gen. by Brevet, and General by Brevet.

[illegible] of the 22nd, states that Gen. Thomas was arrested at midnight, Friday, on a warrant issued by Judge Cartter, for violation of the 6th Art. of the Civil Tenure Office bill, but was released on giving $5000 bail.

The news up to the time of going to press (Tuesday noon) is not important. Beyond the vote for Impeachment, the situation remains as above. Stanton holds out.

WASHINGTON, Febuary 18.—The House this afternoon passed a bill appropriating fifty thousand dollars for the dastitute Fenians abroad.

A SHOCKING accident occurred at the Lehigh Iron Works, a short distance above Catasaqua, on Friday last by which one man lost his life and another was seriously injured. Several of the hands had been engaged in blasting and had filled two holes with powder, one of which took effect. The other however, did not, and three of the hands supposing that the fire had been extinguished went to the place and poured in more powder, when in an instant a terrible explosion took place. One man was thrown over an embankment forty feet high and though not killed was dangerously hurt, while another by the name of Kunkle was lifted ten feet in the air, and coming down head foremost upon some rocks, smashed in his skull causing his almost instant death.

THE seven-thirty Treasury notes outstanding and falling due on June 15 to July 15 next, which are convertible into five-twenty bonds, amount to over $200,000,000, and it will require the full time between this and July to convert them promptly at maturity. The public is notified that unless such notes, which the Government is now offering to convert, are promptly forwarded to the department, great delay must ensue in the future delivery of bonds.

THE Dayton *Ledger*, which ought to know the Democratic family affairs, says Brick Pomeroy will soon remove his paper to Cincinnati. The Cleveland *Herald* suggests that the Board of Health in that city should prevent the setting up of such a nuisance within their jurisdiction.

HARRISBURG, Febuary 17.—A fire last night, in the cellar of Anthony King's hard-ware store, corner of Third and Market streets, was caused by the explosion of a coal oil lamp. The fire was supposed to have been extinguished, and the store was full of people when a terrific explosion took place, by which thirty firemen and citizens were injured. No loss of life reported.

EVIDENCE multiplies that thousands of freedmen in Alabama were kept from the polls by the tyranny or treachery of their employers. One planter told his people that the election would last two weeks, and induced twenty-seven voters to go with him to Nashville for a few days. They were greatly disappointed when they returned to find the election over. Nothing but bullying and cheating defeated the Constitution, and the bill now before the Senate providing that elections in the Rebel States shall be determined by the majority of votes cast, seems to be the shortest way of preventing similar Rebel successes in the other States.

THE trial of Samuel Hull for the murder of Charles H. Parker, conductor on the Johnstown Accommodation on the 30th of December last at Nineveh station, was commenced on Thursday last at Greensburg, his Honor Judge Buffington presiding. The indictment was for murder in the first degree.

Hull was convicted of murder in the second degree.

THE Pittsburgh *Gazette* says that "we feel warranted in announcing that within thirty days the work requisite to complete the Connelsville railroad will be advertised for letting, and that the whole will be finished probably in the space of a year, or, at farthest, within sixteen months."

A MAN at Auburn, Mo., has put his 200 hens into a hot house; and the unsuspecting fowls, deluded into the belief that it is warm weather and the season for business, literally overflow with eggs.

COYOTE is a new town in Colorado. Its inhabitants live in a train of cars standing on a side track, although they have one tent for the sale of whiskey.

WHEN does a captain of a vessel commit self-mutilation? When he goes on shore and leaves his hands on board.

IN Ireland there are men of Cork; in Scotland men of Ayr; but on the Thames there are lighter men.

THE boats are making regular trips to Rice's Landing.

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, Feb. 25, 1868.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.	
Butter (fresh roll,) ₱ lb	37
Eggs ₱ doz	20
Potatoes ₱ bush	1 50
Lard ₱ lb	10
Tallow ₱ lb	12½
Country Soap ₱ lb	06
Dried Apples ₱ lb	06
FLOUR AND GRAIN.	
Flour ₱ bbl	13 00
Wheat ₱ bush	2 40
Rye ₱ bush	1 10@1 15
Corn ₱ bush	75
Corn Meal ₱ bush	80
GROCERIES.	
Coffee ₱ lb	28@30
Tea ₱ lb	1 65@2 00
Brown Sugar ₱ lb	15
Refined Sugar ₱ lb	20
Syrup ₱ gal	90
Molasses (N. Orleans)	1 20
Sorghum ₱ gal	80
Salt ₱ bbl	5 50
Rice ₱ lb	15

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

SATURDAY, February 15, 1868.

The general markets, if anything, have been duller than usual during the past week, although money is more abundant and at easier rates. Prices, save in a few articles, have undergone no particular change. There is a fair demand for flour at former prices. Butter and eggs have declined a trifle.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale prices:

GRAIN AND FLOUR.	
Wheat, Penn'a. and Ohio, Winter Red	$2 40@2 66
Rye ₱ bush	1 45@1 49
Oats ₱ bush	60@65
Corn ₱ bush	90@95
Spring Wheat Flour	12 75@11 25
Winter Wheat	12 00@12 50
PROVISIONS.	
Shoulders	13½@14c
Sugar Cured Hams	16½@17c
Lard	14@15
Potatoes, ₱ bush	1 40@1 50
Apples ₱ bbl	5 00@6 00
Cheese	15@19
Eggs ₱ doz	32
Butter	40@42
Dressed Hogs	9@9½

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, Feb. 20, 1868.

CATTLE.—The market since our last has undergone but little change. Last week's prices were fully maintained, in fact, the medium descriptions were fully 25 ₱ 100 higher. As usual, all good parcels offered found ready purchasers at good prices.

Gold advanced to 138¼ in New York, on Monday, under pressure of the news from Washington, D. C.

Special Notices.

Address to the Nervous and Debilitated whose sufferings have been protected from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flecky, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eyes as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual exercises, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, which in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they dont become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal effection, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of the organs require the use of a diuretic. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upwards of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

3:11,'67-eowly.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after October 5, 1867, trains arrive and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.	Depart.	Arrive.	Depart.
Mail Train	1:20 a m	Day Express	3:00 a m
Fast Line	1:50 a m	Wall's No. 1	6:30 a m
Wall's No. 1	6:25 a m	Mail Train	8:20 a m
Brinton No. 2	7:50 a m	Wall's No. 2	9:30 a m
Wall's No. 2	8:30 a m	Cincinnati Ex	11:15 a m
Cincinnati Exp.	9:19 a m	Wall's No. 3	11:30 a m
Johnstown ac.	10:15 a m	Johnstown ac.	2:50 p m
Pitt'n. Exp	1:30 p m	Wall's No. 4	3:30 p m
Wall's No. 3	1:37 p m	Pitt'n. Exp	4:10 p m
Wall's No. 4	3:30 p m	Wall's No. 5	4:50 p m
Wall's No. 5	5:30 p m	Wall's No. 6	6:05 p m
Wall's No. 6	7:00 p m	Fast Line	7:30 p m
Altoona ac. and Emig's train	10:30 p m	Wall's No. 7	10:50 p m

Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily Except Sunday.

Philadelphia Express and the Altoona Accommodation and Emigrant Train arrive daily. Cincinnati Express arrives daily except Monday. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information, apply to

W. H. Beckwith, Agent.

To Consumptives.—The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second St. Williamsburg New York.
6:5,'67-1ycb9-18

Errors of Youth.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, and receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence

JOHN OGDEN,
42 Cedar St., New York.
6:5-1y

Information.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST,
823 Broadway, New York.
6:5,'67-1ycb9,18

Colgate & Co's.

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK

GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP

is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Groceries. 6:5-1y.

The Healing Pool, and House of Mercy.—Howard Association Reports for Young Men, on the crime of solitude, and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 6:5-1y

New Advertisements.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES,

FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

OTHO WADE, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested to appear on the 16th day of March, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before Joseph H. Donley, Esq., Register, at the Court House in Waynesburg, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third Meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th Sections of said Act, will be had before said Register, upon the same day, at his office, at same time and place. S. C. McCANDLESS,
2:26-3t Clerk of U. S. D. C. for said District.

EXECUTORS' SALE!

The undersigned, Executors upon the estate of James Stewart, dec'd., of Center township, Greene county, Pa., will, by power contained in the Will, offer at public sale on the premises, on

SATURDAY, 14TH DAY OF MARCH, 1868,

The Homestead of said deceased, containing 69 Acres, more or less. Terms made known on day of sale.

JAMES CALL,
JOB THROCKMORTON,
2-26-3t Executors.

WAYNESBURG COLLEGE!

--AT--

WAYNESBURG, GREENE COUNTY, PA.

Rev. A. B. MILLER, A. M.,
President and Professor of Moral Science, &c.,
M. E. GARRISON, A. M.,
Professor of the Greek and Latin Languages.
W. G. SCOTT, A. M.,
Professor of Mathematics.
G. G. MILLER,
Teacher of Penmanship and Book-keeping.

Mrs. M. K. B. MILLER,
Principal of the Female Department.
Miss LUCY V. INGHRAM,
Teacher of Instrumental Music.
Mrs. M. C. PARKINSON,
Teacher of Elocution.
Miss EMMA J. DOWNEY,
Teacher of the French Language.

The next Term will open on MONDAY, April 20th, 1868.

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

For the special benefit of the large number of Teachers attending the Institution, the Professors, assisted by the County Superintendent, will conduct a Normal Class, giving a thorough course of instruction in all the branches taught in the schools, and at such hours as will not interfere with the regular College recitations.

Those desiring rooms for self-boarding may be accommodated by applying soon.

For further particulars address the President.
2:26-1f.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES,

FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

WENMAN WADE, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act. By order of the Court, notice is hereby given, to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 18th day of March, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before J. H. Donley, Esq., Register, at the Court House in Waynesburg, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third Meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th Sections of said Act, will be had before the said Register, upon the same day, at the same place.

S. C. McCANDLESS,
2:26-2t Clerk of U. S. D. C. for said District.

Miscellaneous.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

IN THE MATTER OF LEWIS W. JONES, BANKRUPT, IN BANKRUPTCY.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Lewis W. Jones, of Waynesburg, in the county of Greene and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Dated at Waynesburg, Pa., the 17th day of February, A. D., 1868. SIMON RINEHART,
2:19-3t Assignee.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP:

On settlement with the School Directors of said township for Bounty Tax, Hugh Barclay, Collector and Treasurer.

DR.		
To money from F. & D. Bank		$ 800 00
To money from First Nat. Bank		6000 00
To amount of Duplicate		16023 15
Total		$22823 15
CR.		
By exon's by School Board	$ 1187 10	
By Col's. & Treasurer's fees	769 91	
By cash paid F. & D. Bank	8822 60	
By cash paid 1st Nat. Bank	6666 60	
By discount to Banks	27 55	
By cash paid for 25 substitutes	1278 00	
By cash paid Burwell and Huston for two substitutes	676 00	
By Interest on same	31 04	
By cash paid M'Williams for substitute	150 00	
By sundry orders and receipts	150 00	
By sundry receipts which the Auditors failed to know for what they were paid	219 90	$22624 95
In favor of Treasurer	$ 1 80	

The above is correct from the best information we can get.

C. A. LUCAS,
THOS. CRAGO,
WM. ARMSTRONG,
2:19-3t Auditors.

TO TAX COLLECTORS!

The Tax Collectors of the several townships are hereby notified that suit will be brought to collect all tax remaining unpaid after the 1st Monday of March, next. By order of the Commissioners.

THOS. IAMS,
2:12-3t Late Treasurer.

GEORGE C. SPRAGGS, Attorney at Law. JOHN C. WAGNER, Notary Public.

STURGISS & WAGNER,

UNITED STATES CLAIM AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.

For the adjustment of CLAIMS, of all kinds against the United States, such as

PENSIONS, INCREASE OF PENSIONS, BOUNTY, $100 EXTRA BOUNTY,

and those of any other class call on or write to the Military and Naval Agency of

STURGISS & WAGNER,
Walnut St., 1 door below Hagans' corner,
Up Stairs,
8:21,'67-6m MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.

SAYERS & RINEHART.

Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediate east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.

This establishment has been in constant operation since 1859, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a wide spread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and engraving.

All orders promptly filled. 4:22,'66-tf.

SHERIFF'S SALE!

By virtue of a writ of Vindi. Exp. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the premises in Monongahela tp., Greene County, on

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY, 27,

inst., at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of the Oil Spring Company of Pennsylvania and West Virginia, of, in, and to a certain lot of ground situate in Monongahela township, Greene County, Pa., containing one and one-half acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Ellis Stephenson, Thomas Gabler, Dr. Burch, and others, on which are erected two hewed log houses; some fruit trees grow on the premises.

Taken in execution as the property of the Oil Company of Pennsylvania and West Virginia at the suit of John M. Crawford.

H. B. SILVEUS,
2:12-ts Sheriff.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENN'A.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of NATHAN SIMMERMAN, of the County of Greene and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Carmichaels February 10, 1868.

J. R. WOOD,
2:12-3t Assignee.

The Waynesburg Republican.

New Advertisements.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.
☞Notice in Bankruptcy—S. C. McCandless.
☞Notice in Bankruptcy—S. C. McCandless.
☞Waynesburg College—A. B. Miller
☞Executors Sale—Prop. of Jas. Stewart, dec'd.

Street Education.—There are scores of little boys, from six to twelve years of age, who are nightly permitted to roam about the town until a late hour. These lads are acquiring educations on the street that will prepare them to fill positions, in future years, in the workhouse or penitentiary, if not to end their career upon the gallows. They are apt scholars, and little fellows who have not yet learned the alphabet can roll out the longest profane words known in the billingsgate dictionary, while obscene language proceeds from their lips with a flippancy and familiarity that would do credit to scholars of a riper age educated in the schools of vice. Night after night small boys may be seen running at large on the streets, indulging in acts that but few dream of. They are away from home influences, and laying a foundation for evil that will utterly destroy and root out what ever good influences may have been thrown around them. Among these children we notice those who have highly respectable and pious parents, who little dream of the conduct of their offspring while absent from home during the evening hours. The fault is not to be traced to the children, because we know they are prone to see evil companions and to do acts of which their undeveloped judgments cannot fully teach them the terrible consequences. The fault lies with parents in permitting them to be on the streets at night, in companionship with the vicious and the vile. It is a reckless disregard of their high and holy trust. We ask parents to consider this matter—to realize that they are responsible, in a great measure for the future conduct of their children—and to exercise their parental authority in such a way that our street schools shall no longer be crowded with infant pupils. Their place is in bed, or forming a part of the family circle, and not on the streets, indulging in acts of malicious mischief, and shocking the moral sense of the public with profane and vulgar language. There is truth, if not poetry, in the old couplet—

"Just as the twig is bent,
The tree's inclined."

Waynesburg against the world for cheap goods, for the next three or four weeks. Guiher is closing out his entire Stock of goods, from six to seven thousand dollars worth of Dry Goods, Notions and Groceries, cheap for cash. *Regardless of cost.*

Pleasant Affair.—The annual "Reunion," usually celebrated near the close of each term of Waynesburg College, come off on Tuesday night, of last week. It was

"The key to many a tale profound,
Of strange intrigues and artful dodgings."

Sold.—The farm of the late Rev Barnet Whitlatch, of Franklin Tp., was sold last week to Mr. Brice Gordon, for $55,25 per acre. The farm contains 113 acres, more or less, and is valuable for its coal.

Huzzah! Huzzah!!—Guiher is closing out his entire Store. Sale to commence on the 19th. Do not fail to call. Determined to sell out.

Stabbed.—An altercation on last Tuesday night, week, between John Workman and William Baker, both colored, resulted in the cutting of the former just above the abdomen. The instrument used was a razor and the gash made twenty-two inches long and an inch and a half deep. The extreme corpulency of Workman saved his life. No arrest was made. The Pollards and Wises are fast losing their claim to the title of "chivalry."

What Does it Mean?—Six or Seven thousand Dollars worth of Goods to be sold at Guihers, at less than cost!

Revivals.—Extensive revivals of religion are in progress in different parts of the county. A correspondent informs us that in Carmichael's the M. E. Church has had fifty accessions; P. Methodists, nineteen; C. P. Church, nine. At Bridgeport, near this place, there is an awakening.

Another.—We are pleased to note the establishment of another new post-office in our county named "Delight," situated in Franklin tp., Mr. Jno. Brock postmaster. Post offices, like school-houses, open the way of intelligence and cultivation. We are much in need of more in this county.

Guiher is closing out his entire Stock of Goods. Now is your time to buy Cheap Goods! Come and save money for yourselves and family; they will be sold cheap for cash. Cheaper than the cheapest!

Released on Bail.—The case of "Snibbs" Arnold, indicted for the murder of David Sproul, was called up for trial in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Washington county last Friday. The counsel for the Commonwealth asked for a continuance which was granted and the prisoner released on his own recognizance in $1,000. This is virtually an acquittal, as it is not probable the case will ever be called up again.

Bad Eggs.—The Pittsburg *Gazette*, of last Saturday, says, an individual hailing from the hills of Greene county, near the Virginia line, where it is said corn whisky and "dry oil wells" are the chief commodities, made a visit to the city a few days since, on a pleasure excursion, and having a "head for business" endeavored by way way of speculation to defray his expenses. On his way down he purchased a quantity of eggs, which he sold to Mr. S. Stevens, grocer, on Market alley, near the Diamond, representing them to be fresh. Mr. Stevens having too much confidence in the Greene county man's representations, took one hundred and twenty-six dozen of eggs at a cost of thirty-two cents a dozen, amounting to forty dollars and thirty-two cents. Yesterday morning he opened the barrel containing the eggs, and upon examination found that they were "bad eggs." Hearing that J. Mitchell, the man who had sold him the eggs was still in the city, he made information against him before Alderman Humbert, charging him with cheating, by false pretenses. A warrant was issued, and Mitchell arrested and taken to the Alderman's office, where he at once disgorged the amount received for the eggs, paid the costs, and started on a dog trot for the Brownsville boat. The business was certainly new to him from his frightened manner, and it is not at all probable he will ever engage in the egg business again.

Fashion's Platform.—One perfume, pure, refreshing and imperishable, and that perfume Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus." This is the platform of Fashion on this side of the Atlantic, and all the people say amen!—*Jersey City Times.*

Desecration.—The 136th anniversary of Washington's birth-day occurring on Saturday last, was defamed by certain demagogues, self-styled Democrats, in treasonable harangues and savage philipics, hurled at the preservers of the country. Their trysting-place, the Court-House, was not overcrowded. Although one or two hundred people were in town they were not much inclined to be bored by the speakers who "do" the oratory for the party on every occasion. They had met to barter, and trade, and talk, not to hear old songs sung. And while the aforesaid worthies ejected their filthy verbiage and nauseated those whom respect for party and veneration for the memories of the day had brought from their homes, the audience grew slim and the entire absence of enthusiasm melted the features of the meeting away into the sickly, ghastly complexion of an invalid, which it really was. So languid and feeble was the appearance put upon matters that the rattle of martial music caused a pallor, as of a heated system exposed to the *draft*, to overspread the countenance of the faint hearted. The epithets of "butcher," "murderer," "dictator," "liar," etc., mercilessly applied to the Hero of Appamattox by one of their ranting mouthpieces afforded us a very encouraging and amusing instance of the fine feeling developing itself with men who wear the livery of Democracy. It was amusing on the part of the Demosthenes, and encouraging to see a number rush out and one earnestly declare "they must'nt talk so about Grant or he wouldn't listen to them!" To make things yet more deplorable, the Brass Band, during the session, discoursed several splendid airs on the street for their own amusement and that of the crowd, which had the effect of compelling them to hallow to empty seats. It was hurriedly suggested to close and fasten the door and have a committee sent to stop the Band, which last was acted on but failed. They were playing for themselves and choosed to quit when they were done. *Vive'l Band!* say we. Moral: Have a little local pride and employ your Band.

There was not the usual amount of drunkenness during the day and no quarrelling or fighting, facts we place to their credit.

Oh! Shade of departed Washington! could thy spirit have hovered over the meeting whose aims are to subvert the government which thy wisdom and valor aided to establish? Couldst thou countenance those who advocate that relic of barbarism you so much deplored? "The pity of it! the pity of it!" that there are those who, in this age of reason, would prostitute thy name to so vile a purpose!

Obituary.—Major Samuel McFarland, an old, wealthy and influential citizen of Washington county, died at his residence in Washington, on Monday of last week, in the seventy-sixth year of his age. He was highly respected by a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

The Republicans of Washington county met in Convention at the Court House, Washington, on Monday, 17th inst., and chose Wm. Moore, one of the editors of the *Reporter*, and John McDonald, of Cross Creek township, delegates to the State Convention. They were instructed for General Grant for President, but no instructions were given on the Vice Presidency.

Look Out for Bargains!—Guiher is selling out his entire Stock of Goods. Come on my friends and neighbors, plenty of Goods and cheap for cash. Come and bring your friends.

Passed.—The bill authorizing a special tax to pay the indebtedness of our borough, passed the Senate, and is law.

Marbles.—This pastime of the season engages the attention of "Young America" just now. It must be a terrible time for mothers.

Too Bad.—An eligible site cannot be procured for the Odd Fellow's and Mason's Hall.

M. C. & H. Bell say they have just received at their cheap Boot & Shoe Store, Sayer's corner, Waynesburg, Pa., a lot of New Goods consisting in part of ladies high cut glove kid Bals.—the latest styles, ladies' and gents' Brussells slippers and any amount of gum overs suitable for either sex, which they will sell for less money than they can be bought for elsewhere in the County. Give them a call and be convinced of what they say.

Guiher has thrown all his Goods on the market. Do not miss a good bargain. Now is the time!

The Harrisburg *Patriot and Union*, after calling us pet names in referring to our article week before last with the caption "Greene County Ahead," answers our question—is not the moral plain?—thus:

"Yes, it is—very plain. It means that Democratic distillers do business openly and make honest reports to the revenue officers, whereas Radical distillers hide their stills underground and cheat the Government of its revenue by not making reports. They learned this trick before the war when they stole niggers and cheated the Government officers by running them off on the underground railroad."

Facts do not substantiate this. We publish again the Report of Int. Rev. collected in our county the past year.

Annual Income List	$2,651,32
" Special Tax List	3,965,00
Special Annual Tax List	1,016 10
Monthly tax List	37,684,62
	45,327,04
Whiskey produced and placed in bond, 213,913, 95 gallons, $2,00	427,827,90
Total Revenue in Greene County	473,154,94

It will be observed the tax collected outside the whiskey is small. Of the whiskey tax Mr. Wm. Gray, of Gray's Landing, alone paid $287,790,20, about two thirds of the whole. He is a Republican, one of a considerable number who have a perfect right to think as they please concerning the moral effects of the business in which he is engaged, but who is honest withal, claiming that he has enough profit above the tax to carry on his business legitimately, and annually pouring into the coffers of the Government more than one half that $473,154,94 which our "handsome" neighbor recently said was "nearly a half a million extracted from the pockets of the people to pay the interest on the national bonds!" Of seizures made for illicit distillation in our county all have belonged to the other side, and in one instance the frauds have amounted to a score of thousands of dollars. This demonstrates the fact that the tax on whiskey can easily be paid and a handsome profit be derived by the manufacturer. That the great majority of those engaged in the traffic are Democrats, so-called, whom their thieving propensities are constantly getting into trouble, causing them to cry out against high taxes and ruthless "oppression of the People." Save the mark!

A Change.—The Assistant Assessors of Internal Revenue are now engaged in distributing the assessment [illegible], and all taxes will have to be paid in March instead of May as formerly.

"How can ye bloom so fresh and fair?" goes the old Scotch song. How? Why, those who show the bloom of health on their cheeks, take Plantation Bitters, which has the power of fortifying the system against disease, and of regulating the digestive apparatus. Are you dyspeptic, weak, void of energy? Have you little or no appetite, headache, continued lassitude and depression of spirits? Take S. T.—1860—X., and bloom and beauty will return. The Bitters have become a household friend.

Magnolia Water.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price.

Married.

Notices *of Marriages and Deaths inserted free but all Tributes of Respect and Obituaries charged eight cents a line. The money must be advanced to secure their insertion.*

GRAY—DAY—On Jan. 23rd, at the house of the bride's father, by Rev. H. K. Craig, Mr. George Gray, of Greene co., and Miss Sarah Minerva Day, of Washington co., Pa.

Died.

McCURDY—At his residence in Gratiot co. Michigan, of a disease of the heart, Mr. Josh. McCurdy. He leaves a wife and several children to mourn his too early loss.

Clothing.

GREAT BARGAINS!

N. CLARK & SON

Are now offering their splendid stock of

OVER COATS AT COST,

No one wishing an over coat, should fail to take advantage of this opportunity. Also, anything else in their line at the

MEREST TRIFLE ABOVE COST!

in order to make room for their

SPRING STOCK!

All our goods are new and fresh and of the best styles, and were bought in the most favorable time in the Fall.

JUST OPPOSITE DAY'S BOOK STORE.

N. B.

All persons knowing themselves indebted either by book account or note, will please call and settle and save cost.
10-30-tf.

THE LATEST SENSATION!

TELEGRAPHIC!

The President has not yet been impeached, but

A. J. SOWERS

Has purchased an immense stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!

OVERCOATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
HATS,
CAPS,
ETC., ETC.

of the latest style and best workmanship. A choice stock of

NOTIONS!

Hosiery,
Collars,
Handkerchiefs,
Neck Ties,
Suspenders, etc.,

also on hand, which will be sold at astonishingly

LOW PRICES!

Call and see him before you buy elsewhere. He invariably satisfies all

WHO WISH TO PURCHASE!

Room in Allison's building, Waynesburg, Pa.
A. J. SOWERS.
10-6-1m

B. M. BLACHLY, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office at his residence, opposite the "Wright House," Waynesburg, Pa.
☞Diseases of Females made a specialty.
1-29-3m

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF GREENE COUNTY, FOR 1867.

STATE, COUNTY AND MILITIA TAX FOR 1866 AND PREVIOUS YEARS, SHOWING THE AMOUNT COLLECTED AND THE AMOUNT OUTSTANDING:

Constables.	Townships.	County tax.	Since pd.	Yet due.	State tax.	Since pd.	Yet due.	Militia tax.	Since pd.	Yet due.
Eli Phillips,	Jefferson,	228 83	....	228 83	100 26	....	100 26	37 50	....	37 50
J. Dougherty,	Carmichaels Borough,	1 80	....	1 80	....	....	....	8 00	....	8 00
James Acklin,	Franklin,	123 37	....	123 37	....	....	....	19 00	....	19 00
A. Cumpston,	Gilmore,	....	....	....	....	....	....	5 00	....	5 00
C. Burwell,	Monongahela,	20 00	....	20 00	....	....	....	....	....	....
James P. Cosgray,	Marion,	....	....	....	....	....	....	18 38	....	18 38
Christian Young,	Morgan,	24 48	....	24 48	4 52	....	4 52	21 00	....	21 00
Christian Young,	Morgan,	228 52	....	228 52	55 85	....	55 85	28 00	....	28 00
John Iams,	Washington,	....	....	....	....	....	....	18 29	....	18 29
Rea Dowlin,	Cumberland,	620 28	620 28	....	....	....	....	55 50	55 50	....
T. M. Colvert,	Whitely,	....	....	....	....	....	....	77	....	77
I. J. Hupp,	Springhill,	196 04	....	196 04	....	....	....	....	....	....
M. Kent,	Center,	329 79	329 79	....	....	....	....	23 13	23 13	....
A. Taylor,	Gilmore,	78 21	78 21	....	....	....	....	22 50	22 50	....
H. L. Burnet,	Carmichaels Borough,	98 00	98 00	....	....	....	....	17 00	17 00	....
John Ruse,	Greene,	569 58	569 58	....	....	....	....	17 50	17 50	....
Wm. P. Davis,	Dunkard,	555 70	555 70	....	....	....	....	27 00	27 00	....
J. A. Harris,	Morgan,	271 14	260 90	10 24	....	....	....	44 40	44 40	....
Rea Dowlin,	Cumberland,	1684 00	1684 00	....	67 76	67 76	....	62 50	62 50	....
B. Howard,	Perry,	....	....	....	....	....	....	36 70	36 70	....
Isaiah Turner,	Franklin,	832 90	832 90	....	....	....	....	30 50	30 50	....
Slater Shriver,	Wayne,	421 81	421 81	....	....	....	....	42 00	42 00	....
T. Moor,	Whitely,	102 88	102 88	....	....	....	....	36 50	36 50	....
James Kelley,	Jefferson,	922 29	657 81	261 48	47 21	47 21	....	135 [illegible]	135 [illegible]	....
Joseph Taylor,	Marion,	586 88	182 66	402 22	36 84	36 84	....	51 50	51 50	....
Wm. Cleavenger,	Monongahela,	711 76	22 79	688 97	35 48	35 48	....	56 00	56 00	....
J. J. Oliver,	Washington,	190 56	152 21	38 35	....	....	....	71 35	71 35	....
N. Virgin,	Springhill,	308 55	202 72	105 83	....	....	....	42 00	42 00	....
Joseph Rush,	Morris,	475 17	289 16	186 01	....	....	....	56 00	56 00	....
George McVay,	Aleppo,	59 37	59 37	....	....	....	....	44 00	44 00	....
M. Kent,	Center,	573 40	258 73	314 67	24 81	24 81	....	34 00	34 00	....
Thos. Hughes,	Jackson,	159 25	159 25	....	....	....	....	12 00	12 00	....
John Allum,	Richhill,	656 72	550 56	106 16	73 51	73 51	....	49 50	49 50	....
Total		$11,016 31	$8,016 59	$2,999 75	$445 16	$284 54	$160 62	$1,104 04	$949 55	$154 49

STATE, COUNTY AND MILITIA TAX LEVIED FOR THE YEAR 1867, SHOWING THE AMOUNT COLLECTED AND THE AMOUNT PLACED IN THE HANDS OF CONSTABLES:

Townships.	County tax.	Since pd.	Yet due.	State tax.	Since pd.	Yet due.	Militia tax.	Since pd.	Yet due.
Gilmore	473 60	212 69	260 91	25 63	2 31	23 32	29 00	8 00	21 00
Carmichaels Borough	297 55	158 81	138 74	19 05	9 99	9 06	....	....	....
Greene	1655 18	769 45	885 73	88 66	47 31	41 35	17 00	4 50	12 50
Dunkard	2026 34	941 07	1085 28	71 34	30 34	41 00	46 00	6 00	40 00
Morgan	2300 82	1159 43	1141 39	124 66	80 52	44 11	31 00	6 50	25 00
Cumberland	3482 12	1362 56	2119 60	114 98	44 40	70 58	71 50	6 50	65 00
Perry	1117 94	516 79	601 15	27 37	7 69	19 68	44 50	8 00	36 50
Franklin	3102 31	1632 20	1470 11	197 42	77 79	29 63	20 00	3 50	16 50
Wayne	1319 85	396 71	922 64	58 94	13 18	45 76	54 50	6 00	48 50
Whitely	1901 50	1060 17	841 33	28 86	12 44	16 42	23 50	4 00	19 50
Jefferson	2603 97	1493 49	1110 48	197 64	117 44	79 60	48 00	7 50	40 50
Marion	1531 64	461 67	869 87	68 80	15 45	53 35	37 00	3 00	34 00
Monongahela	1568 16	703 17	864 99	46 14	15 46	30 68	29 00	7 00	22 00
Washington	1871 19	1070 69	800 50	49 76	19 84	21 92	27 60	6 00	21 60
Springhill	848 00	110 65	437 35	26 68	4 21	22 47	48 50	3 50	45 00
Morris	1702 90	844 75	858 15	84 38	44 53	39 85	....	....	....
Aleppo	576 39	105 40	470 99	34 81	6 17	28 64	21 50	....	21 50
Center	1771 31	695 05	1076 26	74 26	22 36	51 90	59 00	15 00	44 00
Jackson	938 63	331 46	599 17	35 73	8 34	27 39	36 00	16 00	20 00
Richhill	2461 08	1298 75	1163 23	125 21	63 78	61 43	88 50	27 50	51 00
Totals	$30,059 84	$14,883 86	18,168 98	$1,400 59	$648 97	$751 62	$732 50	$145 50	$587 00

STATE, COUNTY AND MILITIA TAX PLACED IN THE HANDS OF CONSTABLES FOR THE YEAR 1867, SHOWING THE AMOUNT COLLECTED AND THE AMOUNT OUTSTANDING:

Constables.	Townships.	County tax.	Since pd.	Yet due.	State tax.	Since pd.	Yet due.	Militia tax.	Since pd.	Yet due.
W. O. Hennen,	Gilmore,	260 92	206 45	54 57	16 32	16 32	....	21 00	21 00	....
Isaiah Faadis,	Carmichaels Borough,	193 74	184 08	9 66	9 06	9 06	....	....	....	....
Hiram Stephens	Greene,	885 73	355 88	529 85	41 35	41 35	....	12 50	....	12 50
Jacob Williamson,	Dunkard,	1065 26	212 80	852 46	41 00	41 00	....	40 00	40 00	....
J. A. Harris,	Morgan,	1111 39	512 19	599 20	44 11	44 11	....	25 00	25 00	....
William H. Sharpneck	Cumberland,	2113 59	....	2113 59	70 58	....	70 58	65 00	....	65 00
Thomas Wade,	Perry,	601 15	596 15	5 00	19 68	19 68	....	36 50	36 50	....
J. Turner,	Franklin,	1470 14	900 07	570 07	29 63	29 63	....	16 50	16 50	....
H. M. Sprague,	Wayne,	922 64	922 64	....	45 76	45 76	....	48 50	48 50	....
Thomas Moore,	Whitely,	841 33	841 33	....	16 42	16 42	....	19 50	19 50	....
James Kelley,	Jefferson,	1110 48	....	1110 48	79 60	....	79 60	40 50	....	40 50
B. F. Campbell,	Marion,	860 87	221 11	639 76	53 35	53 35	....	34 00	34 00	....
Wm. Cleavenger,	Monongahela,	864 99	413 55	451 44	30 68	....	30 68	22 00	....	22 00
Aaron Day,	Washington,	800 50	800 50	....	21 92	21 92	....	21 50	21 50	....
Nelson Virgin,	Springhill,	437 35	....	437 35	22 47	....	22 47	45 00	....	45 00
Joseph Rush,	Morris,	858 15	226 15	632 00	39 85	39 85	....	....	....	....
George McVay,	Aleppo,	470 99	332 39	138 60	28 61	28 61	....	21 50	21 50	....
M. Kent,	Center,	1076 26	....	1076 26	51 90	....	51 90	44 00	....	44 00
Jacob Hunnel,	Jackson,	599 17	506 61	92 56	27 39	27 39	....	20 00	20 00	....
J. Jennings,	Richhill,	1163 23	....	1163 23	61 43	....	61 43	51 00	....	51 00
Total		$18166 98	$7063 90	$11103 08	$751 62	$491 98	$316 64	$587 00	$307 00	$280 00

THOS. IAMS, TREASURER, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE, FOR THE YEAR 1867.

To amount on deposit in Bank at last settlement	$ 529 50	By amount of outstanding County Tax for the year 1866 and previous years	$ 2999 75
To balance due at last settlement	102 46	By amount of outstanding Militia Tax for the year 1866 and previous years	154 49
To amount of outstanding County Tax for the year 1866 and previous years	11016 31	By amount of outstanding County Tax for 1867	11163 98
To amount of outstanding Militia Tax for the year 1866 and previous years	1104 04	By " " Militia " "	236 60
To amount of County Tax assessed for the year 1867	33059 84	By " of orders redeemed	27647 02
To " of Militia Tax " " " "	732 50	By commission on $27,647 02, at 5 per cent	1382 35
To " of Hucksters' Licenses " " "	500 00	By amount of Attorney's commission	150 92
		By amount paid A. M. Bailey, Treasurer	1762 89
Total	$47145 68	By commission on amount paid A. M. Bailey, at 5 per cent	88 13
			$45868 43
		By Balance due the County	1277 25
		Total	$47145 68

☞There is a credit claimed by Thomas Iams of $1101 18, which has not yet been finally passed upon, which, if allowed, will reduce the above balance due the County to $176 07.

J. F. TEMPLE, PROTHONOTARY, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE, FOR THE YEAR 1867.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 209 51	By services rendered	$ 209 51

DIRECTORS OF THE HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT AND SUPPORT OF THE POOR, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE FOR THE YEAR 1867.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 7488 11	By vouchers admitted	$ 7488 11

COMMISSIONERS OF GREENE COUNTY IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE FOR THE YEAR 1867.

Thomas Scott

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 288 50	By amount due at last settlement	$ 43 50
To amount yet due	148 00	By services rendered	393 00
Total	$ 436 50	Total	$ 436 50

Elias Scott,

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 399 00	By amount due at last settlement	$ 39 00
To amount yet due	48 00	By services rendered	408 00
Total	$ 447 00	Total	447 00

J. M. Morris.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 245 00	By amount due at last settlement	$ 45 00
To amount yet due	211 00	By services rendered	411 00
Total	$ 456 00	Total	$ 456 00

Isaac J. Hupp.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 40 00	By services rendered	$ 48 00
To amount yet due	8 00		
Total	$ 48 00		

HEATH JOHNS, SHERIFF, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE, FOR THE YEAR 1867.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of Jury fees received	$ 4 00	By amount due at last settlement	$ 34 00
To amount of orders drawn	126 50	By amount of services rendered	151 85
To amount yet due	55 35		
Total	$ 185 85	Total	$ 185 85

JAMES ACKLIN, CORONER, (ACTING SHERIFF,) IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE, FOR THE YEAR 1867.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 23 40	By services rendered	$ 23 40

We, the undersigned Auditors of Greene County, do hereby certify that we have audited the foregoing accounts and find them as above stated.

THOMAS P. LAIDLEY,
JONATHAN ALLUM,
A. G. CROSS, } Auditors.

Waynesburg, January 21, 1868.

DIRECTORS OF THE HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT OF THE POOR, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE, FOR 1867.

DIRECTORS ARE CHARGEABLE AS FOLLOWS:

Whole amount of orders drawn	$7473 25
Out side sources	50 00
From January 1st to April 1st, '67, (Rinehart's time)	2188 22
From April 1st to Jan. 1st, '68	[illegible]
Paid for McMillin of old debts	197 00
For outdoor paupers	300 00

Whole number of inmates received	[illegible]
Present number	[illegible]
Greatest number the current year	[illegible]
Number of males	27
Number of females	33
Insane	[illegible]
Out paupers relieved	[illegible]
Number of whites	[illegible]
Number of blacks	[illegible]
Number of births	[illegible]
Number of deaths	[illegible]

Stock on hands, 2 horses; 1 yoke cattle; 8 cows; 2 bulls; 19 hogs; 6 sheep.

PRODUCTS OF FARM:

Wheat, 140 bush.; Corn, 600 bush.; Oats, [illegible] bush.; Buckwheat, 75 bush.; Hay, 5 tons; Potatoes, [illegible] bush.; [illegible] Butter made, 300 lbs.; Soap, [illegible] on farm, 2500 bush. Fruit trees set out in '67, Apple, Peach, Cherry and Plumb trees, 150.

MADE IN THE HOUSE:

Comforts, 30; Linsey, [illegible] yds.; Flannel, 30 yds.; Stocking yarn, [illegible] cuts; Stockings knit and [illegible]; Shirts, 40; Bed-ticks, 10, Pillow [illegible] slips, 27 pairs; Bolster slips, [illegible] [illegible] Chemises, [illegible] [illegible] Bonnets, 21; Shirts, 60; Small do., 20; Large [illegible], Towels, [illegible]; Kerchiefs, 3; Caps, 10; [illegible] pairs; Vests, 9; [illegible]

W. BELL,
W. F. SCOTT,
HENRY [illegible],
Directors of Poor.
2-5-4t

Legal Advertisements.

STATEMENT OF THE EXPENDITURES OF THE COUNTY OF GREENE FOR 1867.

Paid Grand Jurors	$ 660 [illegible]
Petit Jurors	1,388 00
Election fees	900 09
Assessors and Assistants	688 53
Exonerations allowed for Error in assessments	232 62
Exonerations allowed collectors	528 50
Constable returns	135 96
Commonwealth costs	375 60
Bridge views	3 00
Bridge Building and Repairs	6,460 97
Road Views	127 30
Freight and Commission	6 86
Court House Repairs	65 29
Jail Repairs	4 00
Guarding Jail	14 00
Constable returns	

COMMISSIONERS' PAY.

John G. Dinsmore	64 75
Thomas Scott	288 50
Elias Scott	290 00
John M. Morris	245 00
Issac J. Hupp	40 00
Commissioners' Clerk	204 00

Boarding Prisoners and Jailors fees	168 68
Sheriff's fees	126 50
Coroner's fees	10 00
Road Damages	180 00
Fox Scalps	[illegible]
Sundries	25 74
Paint for Court House	135 19
Blank Books and Stationery	137 08
Auditor's fees	105 00
Auditor's Clerk's fees	35 00
State Auditor's fees	30 00
Coal for Court House and Jail	27 76
Taking care of Court House	68 76
Prothonotary's fees	220 35
Printing	722 35
Stoves for Court Room	65 40
Taking lumber of old bridge out of creek	100 00
Removing coal ashes from Court House	10 00
Abatement on Tax for 1865–66	52 81
Tipstaves	184 00
Court Crier	120 00
Insurance on Court House	302 00
Township line views	[illegible]
Coroner's Inquests	65 82
District Attorney's fees	40 25
Conveying Grand Jurors to Poor House	11 00
Postage and Stamps	3 02
House of Refuge	153 08
Interest on County Orders	17 32
Seals and Presses for County	23 30
Painting Court House	74 00
Repairing Sheriffs House	2 50
Merchandise for Prisoners	6 50
Washing for Prisoners	1 00
Cleaning out public well	5 00
Interest on Soldiers bounty	21 00
Bulletin board	3 30
Cleaning street in front of Court House	1 90
Western Penitentiary	90 25
Trees and Shrubbery for Court House Yard and setting out the same	82 50
Boxing trees in front of Court House	16 00
Mercantile appraisor	80 00
Amount of orders drawn by Poor House Directors	7,468 14
Total amount of orders issued	$28,767 12

We, the undersigned Commissioners of Greene County, do hereby certify that the above statement is correct, as to amount of orders issued in the year 1867, as appears on the Books of said Commissioners' Office.

ELIAS SCOTT,
J. M. MORRIS,
I. J. HUPP,
Commissioners.

Attest,
Jesse Hill, Clerk.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE:

That on the 9th day of January, A. D., 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of THOMAS H. RUTH of Carmichaels, in the County of Greene and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Court House, in Waynesburg, Greene county, Pennsylvania, before Joseph B. Donley, Register, on the 25th day of February, A. D., 1868, at 10 o'clock, P. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal.
1-22-4t

COURT OF APPEALS!

Notice is hereby given to the Tax-payers of Greene county that the Court of Appeals for the several townships of said county will be held at the following times and places, to hear appeals from the assessments made by the Township Assessors.

In Marion township, on Tuesday, February 4th, at the Commissioners' Office, in Waynesburg.
In Washington township, Wednesday, Feb. 5th, at the house of David Clayton.
In Morgan township, Thursday, Feb. 6th, at the house of Morgan Bell.
In Jefferson township, Friday, February 7th, at the house of Wm. Kelley.
Cumberland township and Carmichaels Borough, February 8th, at the House of Henry Jennings, in Carmichaels Bor.
Greene township, February 10th, at the house of Jeremiah Stewart.
Monongahela township, February 11th, at the house of William Mestrezatt.
Dunkard township, February 12th, at the house of C. A. Garrard.
Perry township, February 13th, at the house of William Burris.
Wayne township, February 14th, at the house of Jesse Phillips.
Gilmore township, February 15th, at the house of Enoch Henden.
Springhill township, February 17th at the house of Stephen White.
Aleppo township, February 18th, at the house of Augustus Miller.
Richhill township, February 19th at the house of Marjary Bryan, Jacksonville.
Morris township, February 20th, at the house of James Adamson, Nineveh.
Jackson township, February 21st, at the house of P. M. Grimes.
Centre township, February 22nd, at the house of Rinehart Church.
Franklin township, February 24th, at the house of M. S. Greene.
Whiteley township, February 25th, at the house of Gilman Hickman.

ELIAS SCOTT,
J. M. MORRIS,
ISAAC J. HUPP, } Com's.
1-15-'68-3t.

COPPER AND TINWARE ESTABLISHMENT IN WAYNESBURG, PA.

DON'T THROW MONEY AWAY, BUT USE IT TO BUY CHEAP AND USEFUL STOVES OF

W. H. HELPHENSTINE,

They have the handsomest and neatest pattern of

COOKING, HEATING, AND PARLOR STOVES!

in use. Call and examine the different patterns before you purchase elsewhere. They have the ROSEDALE, for wood or coal, three sizes; and the Perfection, for wood, three sizes. They are the best Stoves in use.

Don't let the women scold any longer, but get them what they need.

They manufacture

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE!

of all kinds. Everything in our line will be attended to promptly; send in your orders soon, for I will sell cheap for cash or country produce.

SPOUTING AND ROOFING

done to order on the shortest notice, at the old stand, south of the Sheriff's House, Waynesburg, Pa.
W. H. HELPHENSTINE.
1-29-6m

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS
AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

The Most Successful Medicines in the World.

Established in 1835 by one of our Most Eminent Physicians, and now used throughout North and South America, with more pleasing results than any other Medicine in cases of diseased Liver, Blood or Skin, Indigestion, Costiveness, Billious Complaints, Rheumatism and Fever and Ague.

Thousands of certificates are in our possession, giving detailed accounts of perfect CURES effected by these invaluable Medicines. They regulate the System and put all the functions of the body in a healthy condition.

Sold by all Druggists. [illegible] New York.

Miscellaneous.

MEDICAL.

DR. WHITTLESY.

DR. F. WHITTLESY, Physician for Chronic Diseases, has a permanent office in Washington, Pennsylvania, where he has been engaged for the past twelve years in the successful treatment of all

DISEASES OF A CHRONIC NATURE.

The Doctor might present a volume of certificates of cures, complimentary notices, &c., but the most satisfactory testimonial will be given the public in a trial of his skill. Dr. W. devotes exclusive attention to Chronic Ailments, in which his practice has been uniformly successful, effecting cures in many cases that have baffled all other systems of treatment.

Paralysis, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Spine, Stomach, Heart, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Lungs, Female Diseases, General Debility, &c., &c.,

Are all promptly and permanently cured by the Doctor's system of treatment. During the past few years, the Doctor has registered hundreds of cures which he will be pleased to give those references who may call upon him. He invites all afflicted with any form of Chronic disease and having failed to obtain relief, to

GIVE HIS MEDICINES A TRIAL.

His principal agents are selected entirely from [illegible] the vital forces of the body [illegible] to perfect health. The [illegible] especially successful in the treatment of all

FEMALE DISEASES.

Women by the score fall victims to maladies peculiar to their sex, many of whom might be saved from [illegible] premature graves by applying in time to Dr. W. The remedies employed in the practice of Dr. W. are manufactured exclusively by him from his own Medical Laboratory and are always pure in quality and specific in effect. Dr. W. diagnoses disease by means of the Urine, the only infallible test of disease, never failing to discover its nature, locality and curability, thus enabling him to employ a

RATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CURATIVE TREATMENT.

Of the absolute certainty of his mode of diagnoses he can satisfy every patient who gives him a trial, from the urine alone he will tell accurately all that can be known of any disease. In the examination of this secretion, he employs optical, chemical and microscopical tests, no case being presented in which one o these tests is not sufficient to an accurate diagnoses. The Doctor does not claim to be a "cure all," nor yet "the right arm of the Almighty stretched forth to save the world from premature dissolution," but he does profess from scientific requirements and

YEARS OF EXPERIENCE,

Devoted exclusively to the treatment of chronic ills, with his infallible tests of disease, to be able to relieve and permanently cure all those cases which are not already beyond the reach of remedies.

OFFICE

CORNER OF MAIN & CHESTNUT STS.,

OPPOSITE THE MANSION HOUSE

WASHINGTON, PA.

CONSULTATIONS

FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

9;4-tf. F. WHITTLESY.

GIFTS FOR THE MILLION!

A HUGE STOCK,

BOUGHT EXPRESSLY FOR THE FESTIVE DAYS AHEAD, AT

ISAAC HOOPER'S

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

Mr. Hooper would still have his friends and patrons bear in mind, that he continues in the Grocery and Confectionery trade at his usual place of doing business, and that he has just received

A FRESH SUPPLY

of the best quality of all articles in his line.

TOYS—NOTIONS, and a great variety of useful articles always on hand.

REFRESHMENTS.

In connection with the above, Mr. Hooper keeps a Restaurant, where

DELICIOUS OYSTERS!

With all the "et ceteras," are served at reasonable rates.

The most attractive and most popular resort in town. 5;11-'65-1y.

Sales.

EXECUTOR'S SALE!

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

In pursuance of the directions contained in the last will and testament of the Rev. Barnet Whitlatch, late of Franklin township, Greene county, Pa., dec'd., the undersigned, Executor, will sell at Public Out-cry, on the premises,

ON THE 29TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1868

a valuable tract of land, situate in said township, adjoining lands of James Rhodes, William Scott, John Hoge and others, containing about

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEEN ACRES,

100 of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The farm is in an excellent neighborhood, convenient to roads, mills &c., and has an abundance of timber and coal of the best quality. There are on the premises a comfortable Stone Dwelling House, Frame Stable and other buildings. There are also a variety of Fruit Trees of the best quality of fruit.

TERMS OF SALE:

The land to be sold by the acre, and one-third of the purchase money to remain in the hands of the purchaser during the life of the widow of the deceased, the interest to be paid to her annually, the principal at her death to the heirs or devisees of the deceased; one-third upon the 1st of April next, when possession is to be given, and the remaining third in one year thereafter with interest from the first of April, 1868. The unpaid purchase money and interest to the widow to be secured by judgment or mortgage at the option of the Executor.

WILLIAM GORDON,
Executor of the Will of Barnet Whitlatch, dec'd.
2;5-ts.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Waynesburg, on Saturday

THE 22ND DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1868,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of the South Western Oil Company, of, in and to a certain tract of land in Monongahela township, Greene county, Pa., containing 272 ACRES, more or less, about [illegible] acres cleared, adjoining lands of Edward Cleavenger, John Dunham, Heirs of E. Evans and on the East by the Monongahela river, and has erected thereon, one Brick Dwelling House, three tenant houses, Frame Barn, Frame Stable and apple orchard.

Taken in execution as the property of the South Western Oil Company, at the suit of Joseph Y. Provinse.

H. B. SILVEUS,
Sheriff.

FOR SALE!

As the firm of John G. Fordyce & Co. is, by mutual consent dissolved, the business will be carried on by J. G. Fordyce, at Mordock's X Roads, until April 1st, 1868. I offer my entire stock at cost, and the rent of the property for one year with the privilege of renting for a longer period. This is a desirable location for the Mercantile Business, a good community, convenient to Schools, Church, Post Office, [illegible] etc. etc. [illegible]

JOHN G. FORDYCE.

Business Cards.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF WAYNESBURG

Opens	9 o'clock A. M.
Closes	3 o'clock P. M.
DISCOUNT DAY	TUESDAYS.

D. BONER, Pres't. J. C. FLENNIKEN.

GEO. S. JEFFERY,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

All business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co., east of the Court House.
May 16, '66-1y.

E. M. SAYERS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy that may be entrusted to his care. Office, opposite Drug Store of G. W. Roberts & Co.

SHERMAN HOUSE,

JUST OPENED BY

THOMAS BRADLEY.

Positively the most complete Hotel in our town. Everything combined to furnish the best accommodation ever yet offered to the public.

Meals furnished at all hours, table provided with the best of the season.

Travellers and those desirous of refreshment will do well to call. "Tom" still retains his old reputation of an accommodating gentleman, and hospitable landlord. House, the one formerly occupied by the "Messenger" Office. 5;9,'66-1y.

WM. BAILEY,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE,

Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 4;1;'67-1y.

LEWIS DAY,

DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Mrs. Rush's building, formerly occupied by Cotterell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.
May 9, '66-1y.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)

Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.

☞Repairing a speciality on short notice.
Farmer friends go look at his stock. 4;24-1y.

JOHN H. HOFFMAN,

MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA.

ATTORNEY FOR COLLECTING

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY,

AND ALL MILITARY CLAIMS.

Having had 17 years experience in prosecuting such claims, I have become familiar with the various Laws—and the large amount of record evidence in my possession enables me to be very successful in prosecuting suspended claims, and in many instances have proved successful when the claimant had long given them up in despair. No matter how difficult the claim so it is just.
8;28-1y.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.

☞All work warranted for one year.☜
2;21;'66-tf.

DENTISTRY.

I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Patton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had an experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "Laughing gas" or other anesthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home WITHOUT FAIL from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month. JOS. S. HERTIG.
6;12-tf

MARBLE WORKS,

SUMMERSGILL & BRO.

(JEWELL'S OLD STAND, UPPER END OF TOWN.)

The public are respectfully informed that Summersgill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms on short notice. Call and examine our stock, styles, and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. 5;3-tf.

T. W. ROSS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Jewell's building, West end of Main St. Waynesburg. 4;1'65-tf.

F. A. BALL,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, etc., etc.

AT McCOY'S OLD STAND,

28;8-1y. Greensboro, Pa.

Sewing Machines.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

SINGER

SEWING MACHINE.

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE,

Has been over two years in preparation, and which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor or expense, and is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the best Sewing Machine in existence.

The Machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light running and capable of performing a range and variety o work never before attempted upon a single Machine—using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotton Thread, and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner. Its attachments for Hemming, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting, Felling, Trimming, Binding, etc., are Novel and Practical, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the unique, useful and popular folding tops and cabinet cases peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this Company have been prepared for enclosing the new Machines. These are gotten up in every variety of wood, such as Black Walnut, Mahogany, Rosewood, and the like, and from the plainest to the most elaborate pattern and finish—the Machines themselves being more or less highly ornamented, to correspond with the Tables or Cabinets for which they are intended.

A few reasons why SINGER'S latest improved SEWING MACHINES are the best for Family and General Purposes.

1st. You can sew anything from the finest single thickness of Swiss or Nansook to several thicknesses of the heaviest Beaver cloth, using any kind or size of thread with equal facility, from No. 200 Cotton up to the heaviest patent or Linen thread.

2d. It uses a short, straight needle, easily set, and makes the popular Lock Stitch alike on both sides.

3d. It has an even self-adjusting tension which requires no change for different thicknesses of material or different sizes of thread.

4th. It is free from all springs, wires and other complications, and is almost noiseless.

5th. No threads to hold or wheels to turn in starting.

6th. It does not have to be taken apart to oil and clean it.

7th. It has a perfect feed whereby you can sew the finest materials without having to keep your work stretched to prevent its "puckering," and you never have to assist the work through as in all other machines.

8th. It will hem any width, sew a straight seam, or make a fell in the most perfect manner, with less skill than is required to sew a straight seam on any other machine.

Its attachments for Braiding, Cording, Quilting, Binding, Tucking, &c., are novel and practical, and require but little skill to use them.

Careful instructions given at the house of the purchaser.

Money refunded if the machines are not as represented.

Every machine warranted and kept in repair three years without charge.

H. F. UNCAPHER,
Agent for Greene County,
[illegible] Waynesburg, Pa.

Groceries &c.

MURDER!

"OVER THE LEFT."

A

Majority of those who read newspapers, never even give a hasty glance at a business advertisement and if a

MAN

Actually has a choice variety of goods which he is selling at the VERY LOWEST prices that can be afforded, it hardly pays him to publish the fact. Therefore we have

FOUND

It best to simply invite everybody to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, and say but little in regard to our ability and determination to make it advantageous to those who are not

DEAD

To their own interest to buy their Candies, Nuts, Raisons, Groceries and everything

IN

The Grocery line o. H. A. Rinehart, in Ledwith's old building, opposite the public square,

WAYNESBURG.

A FRESH SUPPLY

JUST RECEIVED AND

FOR SALE AT THE

LOWEST PRICES.

10;30-tf.

READ AND KNOW—

QUICK SALES AND SHORT PROFITS!

IMMENSE STOCK OF FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Constantly arriving at the Store of

JOHN MUNNELL,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

Consisting, in part, of

GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONARIES,
TOBACCO,
SEGARS,
SNUFF,
CRACKERS,
CHEESE,
MOLASSES,
CARBON OIL,
FISH,
BACON,
&c., &c., &c.,

In addition to the above, a full stock of

NOTIONS, HARDWARE, SPECTACLES, POCKET KNIVES

and thousands of other articles, which are being sold as low as the

TIMES WILL PERMIT!

COME AND BUY.

11;13tf. JOHN MUNNELL.

JOHN HUGHES. THOMAS LUCAS.

T. LUCAS & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Aubrey, Cromlow & Coon's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands. Rice's Landing, Pa., above the RUN. 6;5-tf.

LAZEAR BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 77, EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

JAS. B. LAZEAR,
WM. L. LAZEAR. 5;15-1y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They flatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.

They will also keep a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.

4;10-tf. L. HUGHES & CO.
Rice's Landing, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE!

GREENE COUNTY, SS.

In the matter of the settlement of the account of L. K. Evans, administrator on the estate of Ephraim C. Alaxander, dec'd.

And now to wit: December 18, 1867, the Court appointed D. R. P. Huss, Esq., auditor, to distribute the funds in the hands of the accountant and make report, &c. By the Court.

ATTEST,
J. F. TEMPLE, Clerk.

All persons interested are hereby notified that I will attend to the duties of the above appointment, at my office, in Waynesburg, on MONDAY, the 10th day of February, A. D., 1868.

1;8-td D. R. P. HUSS,
Auditor.

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY!

OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c.,

AT

EVANS' ESTABLISHMENT.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE!

Wishing to close out for the Fall trade, he offers his goods at astonishing low rates for cash. The stock is as late as the latest and the best in market.

[illegible] building, opposite the Greene House. [illegible] L. K. EVANS.

Miscellaneous.

SONNET.

There is a serpent whose envenomed bite
Is rarely healed, yet, who feels its tooth,
If he survives, oft goes again, forsooth,
Unto its haunts, as if it were delight
To feel its bite again, until the blight
Of poverty and woe reveals the truth
Of this vile fiend, so loved, yet so uncouth;
It to one's interest so prevents the sight
That enemies are thought to be one's friend's,
And friends are seen in light of enemies,
While blessings slip from the finger-ends,
And character on fleeting pinion flies?
What is this monster that such power extends?
Its name is Debt?—avoiding it be wise.
[Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Feeling in Alabama.

The rebel feeling in Alabama, judging by authentic accounts, is still blindly ignorant and bitter. It appears that impregnable faith in secession and Southern superiority it is yet the cherished idea of the masses, and that to own slaves and raise cotton is yet the sole object and aim of life. A correspondent, writing from Montgomery, declares that free speech is permitted in all things, provided it i not against slavery, Generals Lee and Forrest, Mrs. Surra', Belle Boyd, Libby, Andersonville or Fort Pillow, opposition to reconstruction laws of Congress, and everything said or done by loyal men. On every other subject the fullest and most liberal freedom is given. In accordance with the code, any white man who manifested, by his ballot at the late election an approval of the reconstruction acts of Congress, was instantly reported by a committee of the chivalry and his name was published in every "high-toned" paper within reach. The Montgomery *Daily Advertiser* threatened as follows; "If you would not have the fact thrownup to your children in after years, to their eternal disgrace, don't vote at the election to fasten the ruin and desolation upon our State and people, which is embodied in the proposed constitution." The Mobile *Daily Register* said: "After the election we will publish a complete list of the *patriots* who voted for the so-called constitution." It is very inspiriting, however, to hear courageous words for freedom spoken in the face of these denouncers. The Montgomery *Sentinel* said: "The destructive war-of-race-papers here endeavor to detur loyal white men from voting by a threat to publish their names. Well, the white Republicans are not to be scared by any such notoriety. They love their government too well to be intimidated by rebel scribblers and penny-a-liners, whose hands have been imbrued in the blood of Federal soldiers. They are not afraid of publication by the savage, traitorous crew who visited such vile atrocities upon Union men, women and children during the war; not afraid of men whose inhuman treatment of the prisoners finds its counterpart only in the Black Hole at Calcutta. These loyal men, unlike most of the rebel dupes, think and act for themselves, and are not driven about as slaves by whips and lashes."

How to Suppress a Rum Mill

At New Paris, Ohio, the other day, a number of ladies determined to avail themselves of their "leap year" priveleges by getting up a "surprise party" and calling upon a couple of gentleman who had recently established a whiskey shop in that town. Armed with their knitting work, the party marched to the saloon, helped themselves to seats, made themselves as comfortable as possible, and staid till night. Next morning the same party called again, remained throughout the day, were re-enforced by a strong party of recruits toward nightfall and did not depart till nine o'clock. The disgusted publicans swearing that "not a d—d man came in" during the two days, quietly pulled up stakes, packed up their unsold rum, and evacuated the town without waiting for a third visit.

The *Baltimore Sun* says: 'Gen. Longstreet has been the recipient of much attention during his visit here, both from the army officers and the politicans. At Gen. Grant's reception, on Wednesday night, he devided with Sheridan the honor of being the greatest attraction. When his name was announced by the usher, Gen. Grant immediately turned from the person with whom he was speaking and met Gen Longstreet half-way, presented him to Mrs. Grant with great cordiality, and remained in conversation with him for several minutes. It is said that on his recommendation, and in consideration of Gen. Longstreet's support of the reconstruction measures, Congress will soon pass a bill removing the political disabilities of that Confederate General.

Thus men who are soldiers meet. Only "shysters" and copperheads are of the malignant type that declare themselves unconquered.

Theodore Tilton is authority for the statement that after F Wood had received the official censure of the speaker of the House of Representatives for declaring Congress to be an infamous body, Oakes Ames, a Representative from Massachusetts, went to Mr Wood, and said to him, "Sir, Congress would be less infamous if you were out of it."

The municipal election was held in Syracuse, New York, on the 18th. Charles Andrews, Republican, was elected Mayor over General John A. Green, Jr., by about one hundred majority. The entire Republican ticket was elected by increased majorities.

An ugly young lady is always anxious to marry, and young gentlemen are seldom anxious to marry her This is a resultant of two mechancial powers—the inclined plain and leave her.

A petrified butterfly, the head and wings of which were in a perfect state of preservation, was found twenty feet below the surface by some men who were digging a well in Hamilton, Mo.

Ponds near Montgomery, Alabama, were recently frozen over sufficiently for skating purposes. Search was made, but only one pair of skates could be found in the city, and those in a dilapidated condition.

The Conservative State Convention met at Nashville Tennessee, and nominated, as their choice Mr Andrew Johnson for the Presidency Their choice is about as bad as their taste.

Valuable tracts of improved land have been sold recently in the neighborhood of Holly Springs, Mississippi, for from sixty cents to one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre.

Cassius M. Clay is once more to appear prominently in the political world. He is going to stump Kentucky for Grant, and is spoken of as a Radical elector from that State.

Boots & Shoes.

GREAT PANIC IN THE PRICES OF

BOOTS AND SHOES!

—AT—

WILLIAM BERRYHILL'S,

MECHANICS' ROW, WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

Having just purchased a heavy Stock of Boots and Shoes of the FINEST and BEST QUALITY to be found in the East, he now has the Best selected and most complete assortment of these Goods ever brought to the Town. And he offers to sell

FOR CASH

Men's best, whole stock, Home-made Boots, 17 inch leg, at $6.00, 5.25 and 5.00; Men's Fine Calf at $7.50, with a uniform deduction in rates, on all kinds of stock. Mr. Berryhill having an experience of 15 years in the manufacturing of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

Is thoroughly acquainted with the business, and has taken great care to make this a

SUPERIOR STOCK TO ANY KEPT HERETOFORE.

Experienced hands are constantly employed in making to order and we can safely say that at no place else in these "diggings" can the material and workmanship be surpassed.

ALL WORK WARRANTED!

He now asks his friends and the public to call and examine his stock, as he feels confident that he can please them. WM. BERRYHILL,
12;18-tf Mechanics' Row, Waynesburg, Pa.

GREAT BARGAINS!

—IN—

BOOTS AND SHOES!

NEW STOCK!

NEW STORE!

CUSTOM-MADE WORK!

CHEAPER THAN EVER, AT

M. C. & H. BELL'S,

(SUCCESSORS TO HALSTED,)

SAYERS' CORNER

WAYNESBURG, PA.

☞Call and examine, and save money!

GO TO M. C. & H. BELL'S FOR BARGAINS
12;4-1y.

Decedents' Estates.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration, cum. test., upon the estate of Daniel Hook, late of the borough of Waynesburg, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOHN M. KENT,
1;8-6w Administrator.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of George Lightner, late of Morris tp., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY LIGHTNER,
MICAJAH LIGHTNER,
SAMUEL LIGHTNER,
11;13-6t. Executors.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FAMILY MAGAZINE.

HOURS AT HOME:

A POPULAR MONTHLY OF INSTRUCTION AND RECREATION.

With the number for November, HOURS AT HOME entered upon the Sixth Volume. During the two years and a half of its publication it has grown steadily in public favor, drawing around it a constantly increasing circle of readers. Avoiding everything sensational, it has aimed to furnish

HEALTHFUL, INSTRUCTIVE, AND ENTERTAINING READING

FOR THE FAMILY,

and the remarkable degree of success which it has reached is the most satisfactory proof that could be given of the popular need of such a periodical. The same general principles which have controlled it heretofore will continue to guide it; and, as proof that its conductors mean to spare no effort to secure the productions of the best talent, native and foreign, for the amusement and profit of its readers, they announce the following special attractions for the new volume:

IN THE DECEMBER NUMBER

appear the opening chapters of a new serial, entitled "The Chaplet of Pearls," by

MISS YONGE,

The Popular Author of

"THE HEIR OF REDCLYFFE."

This story, which is one of the time of the Huguenots, is, as introductory chapters show, written in Miss Yonge's most attractive and pleasing style, and it promises to be of great interest. It will appear in HOURS AT HOME simultaneously with its publication in London, from advance sheets secured for that purpose.

The conductors of HOURS AT HOME have also engaged a series of original papers from

MR. JAMES GREENWOOD,

Auther of "The Lambeth Casual," and of numerous other sketches, portraying with remarkable graphic power the condition of the lower classes in England. Mr. Greenwood will prepare these papers specially for HOURS AT Home, and their publication will be commenced in an early number.

DR. HORACE BUSHNELL,

Whose discussions of "The Moral Uses of Dark Things" have been received with so much favor by the more thoughtful readers of the magazine, will continue to contribute regularly to its pages, but upon a different range of subjects. Essays, sketches, short stories, poems, &c., &c., may be anticipated from the numerous popular writers who are already favorites with the readers of HOURS AT HOME.

SPECIAL PREMIUMS:

"Prayers from Plymouth Pulpit"—by Henry Ward Beecher—For one new subscriber $3, and 25 cents additional when the book is sent at our expense.

"Kathrina"—Timothy Titcomb's New Poem—For one new subscriber and $3.

"Queens of American Society"—By Mrs. E. F. Ellet—(Containing 13 Steel Engravings,) for two subscribers and $6.

"Storm-Cliff"—By Miss S. J. Pritchard—For one subscriber $3, and 25 cents additional when the book is sent at our expense.

REGULAR PREMIUMS: For two subscribers or one subscriber for two years, ($6,) Carpenter's splendid portrait of Lincoln. For twenty subscribers, ($60,) Wheeler & Wilson's best $55 sewing machine.

TERMS: $3 a year. Club prices for six or more, $2 50. To Clergymen and Teachers, 2 50.

BOUND VOLUMES: The work complete to the present time is elegantly bound in five vols., and will be sent free for $10. Single volumes, $2 50. For $5, either volume and a year's subscription.

C. SCRIBNER & CO.,
1;2,'68-tf No. 654 Broadway.

Dry Goods.

FRANK McGURGAN

ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A CANDIDATE FOR THE PATRONAGE OF THE PEOPLE IN THE BUSINESS OF SELLING DRY GOODS.

ROOM OPPOSITE THE GREENE HOUSE,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

He has just received and is now offering for sale at the lowest prices. the finest stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

Ever before offered in this market, consisting in part, of Fall and Winter Clothing

FOR MEN AND BOYS!

A very large stock that cannot be excelled; also, a very superior assortment of

LADIES' GOODS

Of all kinds, consisting in part, of New Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Velvet Ribbons—every width and shade; Satins and silks, latest styles;

BUGLE TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS!

Sash, Bonnet, Neck and Trimming Ribbons; Laces—real point, Applique and Valencia. Handkerchiefs—Lace, Embroidered, Hemstitched and Plain. Hamburg work—a fine assortment.

JET AND BOGWOOD JEWELRY.

A large assortment of Kid Gloves—first quality for ladies and gentlemen.

STRAW, VELVET AND PLUSH HATS

Bonnets and Bonnet Frames; Bonnet ornaments and flowers, both French and American; together with any and all articles in use by ladies. Ask for anything you want and we can supply you. Also a fine assortment of

CARPETS AND WALL PAPER

of various kinds and patterns, all of which will be sold cheap as the cheapest.
11;13-tf. FRANK McGURGAN.

SOMETHING NEW!

MRS. E. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON

Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic

DRY GOODS,

FALL AND WINTER STYLES!

which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps; also, a great variety of nice articles, at very low prices for

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR,

Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain them custom.

Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 4;1,'67-tf

N. B.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

DRY GOODS!

Notions, Hosiery, Boots and Shoes, and Hats at the great

CLOSING OUT SALES OF

SHIRK & SUTTON.

We are determined to close out our entire stock, and will sell all goods at cost and less, even at present wholesale prices. Here are prices of some staple goods, and others at still greater reductions will be found among our stock:

Best Brown Muslin	15c
Best prints	11c
Bleached Muslin	10@20c
Delaines	18@25c
Canton flannels and Drillings	20c
Farmers' and Mechanics' cassimer,	40c
Jeans	20c
Water-proof cloth	$1 00@1 20

NEW FLANNELS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
NOTIONS, &c., &c.,

A large lot of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

all new stock and custom made work at reduction of 25 to 33 per cent. from present selling prices. Some extra fancy Casimeres at the same reduction, just bought last month. Consult your interest by calling at once and see that we mean just what we say, and will sell anything you want as low as you can ask it.

A. Wilson Jr.'s building.
SHIRK & SUTTON,
9;18,'67-tf Waynesburg, Pa.

DRY GOODS

AT

WHOLESALE.

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.

NO. 51 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Now offer to dealers their

FALL STOCK,

AT

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

9;11-3m.

BLACKSMITHING & GUNSMITHING!

For the information of the public who desire work done in this important branch of Mechanism,

MR. JACOB HOOVER,

Announces himself competent and willing to do anything in the line, (including horse-shoeing.) He is an expert and will warrant satisfaction. Shop near the Planing Mill. 12;11-tf

Agents Wanted.

ENERGETIC MEN AND LADIES WANTED TO CANVASS FOR THE

ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF THE

BOOKS OF THE BIBLE.

BY PROF. CALVIN E. STOWE, D. D.

Showing what the Bible is not; what it is, and how to use it; tracing the history of each book up to its origin with the inspired authors, and completely answering all Infidel cavils and objections to the Scriptures. It is an ordinary library of Biblical History in a single volume, brief, clear, accurate, conclusive and highly interesting. A master-piece of common sense. It is needed in every family where the Bible is read, as well as by every Sabbath School teacher, student and clergymen, and being the only book on the subject ever published or sold in this country, agents can easily see the advantage of canvassing for this work. Send for circulars containing notices and indorsements from leading ministers of all denominations. Address, ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.,
10;30-1m. No. 614 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS

The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest, and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure linseed oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wooded-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being fire and water proof,) Floor Oil Cloths, (one manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL,
9;18,'67-6m 254 Pearl Street, New York.

REVOLUTION IN TRADE!

Ladies, you can receive for the sum of ONE DOLLAR! Silk, Merino and Alpacca Dresses, Shawls, Balmorals, Linen Goods, Embossed Table Covers, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, Sewing Machines, &c. Send clubs of ten or more, with ten cents for each descriptive check, and the getter up of the club will receive a present worth $1 to $300, according to number sent. Agents wanted everywhere. Circulars sent free, PARKER & CO., 91 & 93 Federal Street, Boston. 12;25-3m.

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

A good Agent wanted in every township of this county to sell **Westcott's Adjustable Dash Churn!** the best butter maker now manufactured. We do not promise fabulous salaries to our agents, but do guarantee good wages to good men. We are anxious to have this Churn introduced, and to this end will make favorable arrangements with early applicants. Address THOS. H. BINGHAM & CO.,
1;8-1y 366 Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

IMPORTANT TO

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS!

WAYNESBURG STEAM PLANING MILL.

It gives us pleasure to announce to the public the completion of this work and the readiness of the proprietors to

RECEIVE ORDERS!

AND

MAKE CONTRACTS!

The best improved machinery is used. Planing, Ploughing and Grooving, Sash and Door Making, Pannelling, Ripping, moulding &c., rapidly and skilfully executed. Ruling prices paid for

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER!

They are also prepared to do all kinds of Carpenter Work, with the utmost promptness, and in the most substantial manner.

They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, and flatter themselves that they will in all cases be able to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

All orders promptly attended to.

BRADEN, WALTON & SAYERS,

8;11-tf Waynesburg, Pa.

SOMETHING NEW

IN WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

THOS. BRADEN & CO.,

(At the store room formerly occupied by Andrew Wilson, Sr., next door to Braden's Drug Store.)

Respectfully informs the good people of Greene county, that they have opened a

HARDWARE STORE!

And invites a call from their friends and the public generally. Their store is filled with everything in their line needed by the farmer and mechanic. Being practical farmers, they know exactly the wants of their farmer friends. Among their variety of goods will be found Iron, Nails, of all kinds, Planes of all varieties, Augers, Braces, &c. Tuttle toothed, cross cut and mill saws, hand saws and tools of all descriptions.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Mowing Machines, Cutting Boxes, Corn Shellers, Plows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, and everything in their line.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

A general assortment of saddlery hardware, to which they invite the attention of purchasers.

WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

Tubs, Buckets, Butter Bowls and all kinds of Kitchen Wooden Fixin's. Willow Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Coal Buckets, Brass Kettles, Buggy Whips, Shot guns, Boys Wagons and Sleds.

All persons desirous of purchasing any of the above articles and many others not mentioned, will consult their interest by

CALLING SOON.

They will take pleasure in showing their stock t all times. So give them a call when you come o town. Remember the place, opposite the First National Bank.
12;12-tf T. BRADEN & CO.

E. A. TINKER. H. L. MAPEL.

TINKER & MAPEL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,

AT THEIR OWN YARDS,

WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

ADJOINING MD. LIVE STOCK SCALES.

Consignments respectfully solicited. All communications promptly answered. Post Office Address—Box 1500. 7;24-1y.

I. O. OF O. F.

HOSHIMKA LODGE, NO. 555.

Hall in Gancar's Building, East Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Saturday evening, each week.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG LODGE, NO. [illegible]

Hall in Gancar's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Tuesday evening, each week.